

BOROUGH OF NELSON



ANNUAL REPORT of the Medical Officer of Health 1970



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OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

1970

P. G. Holt, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health.



BOROUGH OF NELSON

HEALTH COMMITTEE

Councillor J. F. Spencer (Chairman)

Councillor J. Greenwood (Vice-Chairman)

The Mayor (Councillor E. Myers)(Ex-officio)

Alderman Mrs. E. Kay

" J. Shepherd

Councillor D. Carter

- " Mrs. E. Cook
- P. S. Cox
- " Mrs. M. Davis
- " Mrs. E. Ennis
- A. F. Evans
- " R. Frith
- B. Hargreaves
- " F. Mansfield
- " D. Rigby
- " B. M. Rothwell
- " Miss J. Smith

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LIST OF LOCAL AND ADOPTED SANITARY ACTS ADMINISTERED BY THE COUNCIL

Nelson Water and Gas Act, 1866

Nelson Local Board Act, 1879

Nelson Improvement Act, 1886

Nelson Local Board Act, 1888

Nelson Corporation Act, 1903

Nelson Provisional Orders, 1871, 1873, 1876, 1890, 1895, 1897, 1899, 1904

Borough of Nelson (Extension) Orders, 1897

The Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890, adopted 1891

The Infectious Diseases (Prevention) Act, 1890, adopted 1896

The Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1907, parts adopted 1912

The Nelson Corporation Act, 1921

The Public Health Act, 1925, except Sections 15, 35 and 41

LIST OF BYE-LAWS RELATING TO SANITARY MATTERS IN FORCE IN THE BOROUGH

Dates of Adoption

1890

•	

Common Lodging Houses

Offensive trades: Blood Boiler, Blood Drier, Bone Boiler, Fellmonger, Tanner, Leather Dresser, Soap Boiler, Tallow Melter, Fat Melter, Tripe Boiler, Glue Maker, Size Maker,

Gut Scraper.

1897 Nuisances

1897 & 1907 Slaughterhouses

1911 Dairies, Cowsheds and Milkshops Regulations

1931 Sanitary Conveniences

1939 Buildings

1951 Clean Food Bye-Laws

1953 Regulating the emission of Black Smoke

1958 Good Rule & Government and Prevention of Nuisances

July 1960 Clean Air Act, 1956 - Section 24 - Bye-Laws



STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health

P. G. Holt, M.B., ChB., D.P.H.

Senior Public Health Inspector

G. Pritchard, M.A.P.H.I., (Resigned w.e.f. 11th September, 1970)

F. Grindrod, M.A.P.H.I., (Appointed w.e.f. 12th September, 1970)

Deputy Senior Public Health Inspector

F. Grindrod, M.A.P.H.I., (Appointed Senior w.e.f. 12th September, 1970)

H. Farrell, M.A.P.H.I.,
(Appointed w.e.f. 12th October, 1970)

Additional Public Health Inspector

J. H. Thompson, M.A.P.H.I., A.R.S.H.

Chief Clerk

N. Griffiths

Clerks

Mrs. M. P. Hardwick

Mrs. E. Peel (Appointed w.e.f. 2nd February, 1970)

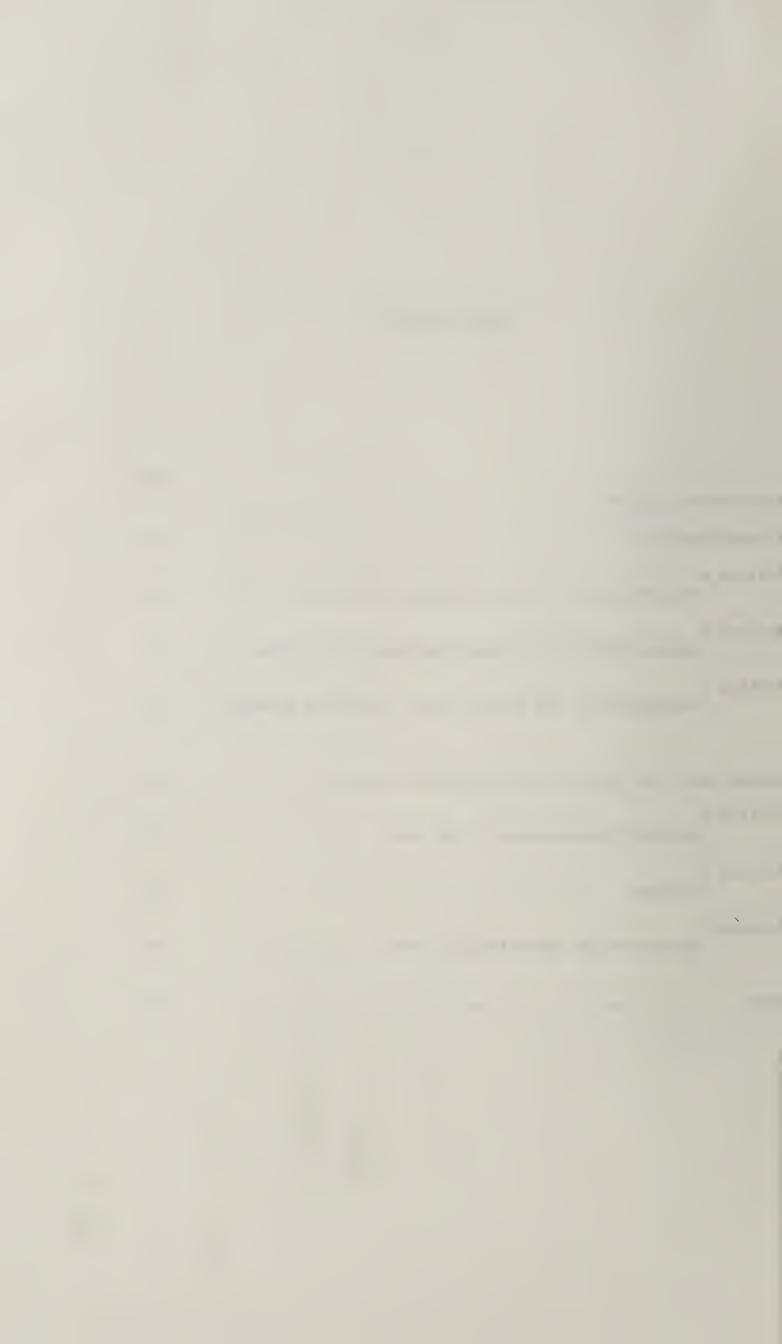
Technical Assistant - Smoke Control (Temporary)

F. Chippendale



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Public Health Department, 21 Carr Road, NELSON.

July, 1971.

To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report on the Health and Sanitary conditions of the Borough for the year ending 31st December, 1970. The layout follows the usual pattern and the contents include all items requested by the Department of Health and Social Security.

The decrease in the number of people living in the Borough continued, the population being estimated at 30,800 compared to 31,230 a year before. These figures are, of course, only estimates and it will be interesting to compare them with the census figures which should be to hand when the next report is prepared. Rather in contrast to the population figures, the number of inhabited houses increased compared to 1969, as did the product of a penny rate, so it is clear that the population statistics should not be looked at in isolation.

Nineteen hundred and seventy saw some changes in the staff of the Health Department. Mr. Pritchard, who had been Senior Public Health Inspector since 1953, resigned in September to take up a teacher training course, and his deputy, Mr. F. Grindrod, was appointed to take his place. The resulting vacancy was filled by Mr. Farrell, who was appointed as Deputy Senior Public Health Inspector the following month.

I expressed concern in my last report regarding the shortage of solid smokeless fuel and its effect on the clean air programme. It was indeed fortunate that a mild winter produced the minimum of inconvenience and little noticeable increase in air pollution. Clean air is an expensive and hardwon benefit and it is to be hoped that such a situation does not arise again so that the programme may now be completed without further setback.

I am indebted to all members of the Health Department who have played a part in the production of this report, and particular to Mr. N. Griffiths, Chief Clerk, who is largely responsible for its compilation. We all hope that members will find something to interest them in its pages.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

P. G. HOLT

Medical Officer of Health.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

As in former years some information given in this report has been supplied by other corporation departments and also from external sources. This continued co-operation is greatly appreciated and I express my grateful thanks to the following officials for their kindness.

Mr. H. Barton, Director of Public Cleansing, Nelson

Mr. J. Buckley, Housing Superintendent, Nelson

Dr. C. H. T. Wade, County Medical Officer of Health, County Offices, Preston

Mr. W. Knight, Borough Treasurer, Nelson

Registrar General, General Register Office, Somerset House, London, W.C.2.

Mr. E. Robinson, Borough Engineer and Surveyor, Nelson

Mr. C. D. Barnes, Engineer, North Calder Water Board, Nelson

Mr. T. H. Slater, Manager, Department of Employment and Productivity, Nelson



SECTION A

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

OF THE AREA



STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Area in acres	3,446	
Ordnance Level, Lowest point	350	feet
Ordnance Level, Highest point	1,100	feet
Ordnance Level, centre of town	458	feet
Dusiness of sunface water Natural shirther to Malandar	C+	

Drainage of surface water - Natural, chiefly to Walverden Stream and Pendle Water

Subsoil - Clay with understratum of sandstone and out-croppings of coal ar, 1970

Population - Registrar	General's estima	te of home	population	mid-year
				30,800
	Census, 1961			32,292
	Males		•	15,176
	Females		•	17,116
	Census, 1951		3	34,384
Houses - Number inhabit	ed at:			
End of 1970, a	ccording to Rate	Books	,	12,184
Census, 1961			,	12,110
Census, 1951			,	12,162
- Number uninhab	ited at:			
End of 1970 ac	cording to Rate I	Books		347
Census, 1961				364
Census, 1951				222
Rateable Value at 31st	December, 1970		£89	91,054
General Rate, 1970/71 (s.d. in the £) -	Mixed Here	ouses editaments editaments	13/7 14/5 15/3
Sum represented by a pe	nny rate. 1970/7	1	á	23,400

Sum represented by a penny rate, 1970/71 £3,400

The estimated cost of the Local Health Service for the financial year 1970/71 was £38,700 which is equivalent to a rate of 11.38d in the £.

The Registrar General's estimate of the home population for mid-1970 was a decrease of 430 on the estimate for the previous year.

SOCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL CONDITIONS

During 1970 there was a slight deterioration in the employment situation resulting from redundancies in Textiles. Unemployment in August reached 3%, the highest figure since November 1967, and there was increased short-time working in Textiles.

On the other hand, expansion has taken place in some firms, and some extra jobs for men have been created. Towards the end of the year information was received of new firms intending to set up establishments in the area, with a promise of 300 extra jobs for women. Many of these will be employed on a seasonal basis, and there could be a substantial number employed on a purely part-time basis.

With the present tendency to reduce the numbers employed in Textiles, there will surely be more diversification of industry in the ensuing year. Although the movement of new firms into the area is slow, it is nevertheless taking place. The outlook can therefore be said to be favourable.

CLIMATOLOGICAL CONDITIONS

As the Climatological Station in the grounds of the Cemetery in Walton Lane was wrecked by vandals towards the end of 1969 and not re-equipped for operation again until the latter part of 1970, I am unable to give the usual statistical information and comments thereon.

VITAL STATISTICS

TIME DIDMIG.				
LIVE BIRTHS:	<u>M</u>	ales	Females	Total
Legitimate Illegitimate		264 22	2 33 22	497 44
TITERI (TIMA)6				
Total		286	255	541
Illegitimate live births per Total illegitimate births per Live Birth Rate per 1,000 es	ercentage of stimated pop	total bulation	oirths	8.1% 8.4% 17.6 20.1 1.14
STILL BIRTHS:				
DITTE BIRTHO.	<u>M</u>	ales	Females	Total
Legitimate		_	2	2
Illegitimate		2	<u>-</u>	2
Total	•	2	2	4
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 to Still Birth Rate per 1,000 to Still Births as percentage of	estimated po	pulation		7.3 0.13 0.7%
TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS:	M	ales	Females	Total
	_			
		288	257	545
DEATHS:		_		
	<u>M</u>	ales	Females	Total
		23 2	253	485
Death Rate per 1,000 estimat			usted	15.7 13.8 0.88
Excess of live births over d	leaths			56
INFANT DEATHS:				
	<u>M</u>	ales	Females	Total
Under 1 year of age - Legiti Illegi	mate . Ltimate	4 1	3 1	7 2
Under 4 weeks of age - Legit	timate gitimate	3 1	3 -	6 1
Under 1 week of age - Legiti Illegi	mate Limate	3 1	2 -	5 1
Infant Mortality Rates				
Total infant deaths per 1,00 Legitimate infant deaths per Illegitimate infant deaths p	1,000 legi	timate 1	ive births	17 14 rths 45

Neo-natal Mortality Rate

Deaths under 4 weeks of age per 1,000 live births 13

Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate

11 Deaths under 1 week of age per 1,000 live births

Peri-natal Mortality Rate

Still births and deaths under 1 week of age per 1,000 total births 18

MATERNAL DEATHS:

Maternal deaths (excluding abortion) Maternal Mortality per 1,000 total (live and still) 1.83 births

ON COMMENTS STATISTICS

Population

The mid-year estimate of the population made by the Registrar-General was 30,800, a decrease of 430, or 1.38% on his estimate, the previous year. This was the largest decrease since 1964, when a decrease of 460, or 1.44% was estimated. Since 1963, every year, with the exception of 1968, which had an estimated increase of 770, there has been an estimated decrease in the population. The position to date being a net decrease of 1,200 or 3.75%.

Comparison with neighbouring authorities within Health Division No.6 for 1970 is as follows:

Estimated increases	Estimated decr	reases
Burnley R.D.C. 0.37% Brierfield U.D. 0.68% No Estimated Change	Nelson M.B. Colne M.B. Padiham U.D. Trawden U.D.	1.38% 0.53% 0.59% 0.49%

Barrowford U.D.

The overall position in Health Division No.6 was a net decrease of 0.54%, the Nelson decrease accounting for 0.47%.

For further comparison, the estimated population of Burnley C.B. for 1970, remained the same as in the previous year.

Live Births

For the previous three years the number of live births registered each year was almost identical around the 500 mark, but last year with a total of 541 has only been exceeded once since 1948, that being in 1966 when 550 live births were registered. The period commencing 1961, when the annual number of live births regularly exceeded 500, to date the average annual figure is 519.

The Crude Live Birth Rate at 17.6 per 1,000 population was 1.6 higher than in 1969 and has only been exceeded once since 1947, that being in 1966 with a figure of 17.8.

The Adjusted Live Birth Rate, 20.1 per 1,000 population, was an increase of 1.9 per 1,000 on the 1969 rate and the highest since 1966 with 20.2 per 1,000. The mean rate for the period 1966-70 inclusive being 18.7 per 1,000.

Local comparision of these rates, that is with other authorities in Health Division No.6, is shown in the Table on Page 28.

With the Live Birth Rate for England and Wales at 16.0 per 1,000 it is less than the Nelson Adjusted Birth Rate by 1.6. This is the tenth successive year that such a difference has occurred and over this period the average yearly excess of the Nelson adjusted Live Birth Rate is 1.24 per 1,000 population.

Illegitimate Live Births registered again showed a decline to 44 in 1970, this being 10 fewer than in 1969 and in fact the smallest annual figure since 1964. Of the total live births registered, 8.1% were illegitimate compared with 10.8% in 1969 and 12.4% in 1968 which had the largest number of illegitimate births on record. The Illegitimate Live Birth Rates were 1.43 per 1,000 population and 81.3 per 1,000 live births, which were 0.3 and 26.7 respectively less than in the previous year and both rates were the smallest since 1964.

The number of live births actually occurring in the Borough was again reduced, there being only 44, all of which were domiciliary births, out of a total of 541 assignable to Nelson, leaving 497 or 91.9% inward transferable. This trend over recent years is shown in the following:

1970	otes	91.9%	Inward	transferable	births
1969	***	81.6%		11	
1968	•	42.0%		Ħ	
1967	-	37.3%		11	
1966	-	37.1%		11	

Still Births

Only 4 still births were registered, the smallest number since 1966 and represented 0.7% of the total births compared with 1.38% in 1969. Over the previous five years the average per year was 8.

The Still Birth Rates were 7.3 per 1,000 total births and 0.13 per 1,000 estimated population, decreases of 6.5 and 0.07 respectively on 1969. Still Birth Rates for England and Wales as a whole were 13.2 per 1,000 total births, the same as the previous year and 0.21 per 1,000 estimated population, a reduction of 0.01.

Deaths

After an increase in the number of deaths each of the previous three years, there was a reduction of 40 in 1970, making a total of 485, or 14 fewer than the average for the previous five years. These gave a Crude Death Rate of 15.7 per 1,000 population, a decrease of 1.1 per 1,000 and identical to the 1968 rate.

The Comparability Factor used in conversion for external comparisons was reduced by 0.02 to 0.88, thus giving an Adjusted Death Rate of 13.8 per 1,000 population, a decrease of 1.2 on the 1969 figure.

With the Death Rate for England and Wales at 11.7 per 1,000 population the Nelson rate was in excess by 2.1 per 1,000 and 3.2 per 1,000 in 1969. Over the last ten years this excess has ranged from 1.6 to 3.8 per 1,000 population with an average of 2.65.

Local comparison of Adjusted Death Rates, that is within the Health Division No.6, is shown in the Table on page 28.

As usual, Heart and Circulatory Diseases as a group were the principal cause of death, and accounted for 50% of the total as against 57% last year, the main difference being a reduction of 22 deaths from cerebrowascular disease.

There were 97 deaths from cancer, 8 fewer than in 1969, but again deaths from this cause were 20% of the total deaths. From the Table on page 33 it will be observed that the main differences on analysis of these deaths according to location of the disease was a reduction of 14 in the category of trachea, bronchus and lung, giving a death rate of 0.55 per 1,000 population, as compared with 0.99 the previous year. The total Cancer Death Rate was 3.15 per 1,000 population, whereas in 1969 it was 3.36, the highest on record. The mean rate for the five years 1965-69 inclusive, was 2.54 per 1,000. The National Cancer Death Rate in 1970 was 2.39 per 1,000 population, an increase of 0.04 on 1969.

Winter months have usually the largest number of deaths but in 1970 there were as many as 85 in January giving a death rate 2.76 per 1,000 population. This was the highest number in any month since February 1966, when there were 90 and death rate 2.90 per 1,000 population.

Age group analysis of the deaths showed a normal pattern, the highest in the 75 - 80 years group (92 = 18.97%) followed by the 70 - 74 years group (80 = 16.49%) and the 80 - 84 years group (79 = 16.29%). Deaths of persons 65 years of age or over formed 74.6% of the total, 1.7% more than in 1969, whereas in the 45 - 64 years group there was a decrease of 1.4%. The Table on page 35 shows, in five year periods over 50 years, the progressively higher ages at which death occurred.

The general trend down the years is that fewer residents actually die within the Borough, whereas in the immediate post-war years around 75% did so, in 1970 the percentage was as low as 50.1. A Table on page 38 shows from 1933-1970 this change has taken place almost regularly year by year over that period.

Of the 49.9% of the population who died out of the Borough in 1970, as many as 99.9% died in hospitals, nursing homes, etc., usually of the Burnley group. This was almost the same as in the previous year, but rather more than average. Furthermore, of the total deaths assigned to the Borough, 55.0% died in hospital. This is almost 6% more than in 1969. A Table on page 40 shows the percentage of deaths which occurred in hospitals, etc., annually from 1955-70 inclusive with quinquennial averages.

Infant Mortality

There were 9 infant deaths under the age of twelve months, 7 of these were aged under 4 weeks and one under the age of 1 week. Classification of these deaths according to ages and causes are given in the Table on page 32.

The infant mortality rates were therefore as follows:

Infant Mortality (under 12 months) 17 per 1,000 live births
Neo-natal Mortality (under 4 weeks) 13

Early neo-natal Mortality (under 1 week) 11

the first being 1 per 1,000 less than the national rate and the second 1 per 1,000 more, whereas the other was identical.

With 4 still births in addition to the 6 infant deaths under 1 week the Peri-natal Mortality Rate was 18 per 1,000 total (live and still) births. The corresponding National Rate was 23 per 1,000, the same as in 1969, whereas the Nelson Rate was 8 per 1,000 less.

Maternal Mortality

The one death of a mother in pregnancy, was due to maternal causes excluding abortion, and was the first maternal death since 1960. This gave a Maternal Mortality Rate of 1.83 per 1,000 total (live and still) births. For comparison the National figures are as follows:

Maternal	Mortality -	Total	0.18 per	1,000	total	(live and still births)
11	17	Excluding abortion	0.14	11	11	11 011 (115)
11	11	Due to abortion	0.04	11	11	11

The rates were each 0.01 higher than in 1969.

The following Tables show:-

- Birth Rates, Death Rates and Analysis of Mortality for England and Wales and Nelson, 1970.
- Nelson Vital Statistics, 1970 and previous ten years with averages.
- Comparison of Nelson Birth and Death Rates with National Rates 1941-70 inclusive.
- Vital Statistics for 1970 of authorities in Health Division No.6.
- Causes of Death at different periods of life during 1970 with equivalent Death Rates.
- Classification of Infant Deaths during 1970 according to Causes and Ages.
- Analysis of Deaths from Cancer during 1970 according to age groups and location of growth.
- Monthly Analysis of Deaths during 1970 with rates per 1,000 population.
- Summary of ages at Death during 1970.
- Annual Percentage Summary of Ages at Death 1960-1970 inclusive.
- Percentage of Total Deaths according to ages, at five-year intervals from 1920-1970.
- Deaths occurring in Nelson and Outward and Inward Transferable Deaths in percentage comparison with Nett Deaths assigned to Nelson each year over the period 1933-1970 inclusive.
- Deaths occurring in Hospitals, and Institutions in relation to Total Deaths during 1970.
- Deaths occurring in Hospitals and Institutions, etc., annually from 1955-1969 inclusive with averages, and during 1970.

VITAL STATISTICS

COMPARATIVE TABLE SHOWING BIRTH RATES, DEATH RATES AND ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY FOR ENGLAND AND WALES AND NELSON FOR THE YEAR 1970

		(1)	(2)					
	England	and Wales	Nels	on				
	Number Registered	Rate per 1,000 home population	Number Registered	Rate per 1,000 home population				
Births:	5 01. 1.00	16.0		45 (
Live Births	784,482	16.0	541	17.6 *				
Still Births	10,341	13	4	7				
Deaths:								
All Causes	575,208	11.7	485	15.7 *				
Tuberculosis (all forms)	1,606	0.033	1	0.03				
Respiratory	913	0.019	-	Nil				
Other	693	0.014	1	0.03				
Cancer (all forms)	117,085	2.39	97	3.15				
Lung and bronchus	30,218	0.62	17	0.55				
Other cancer	86,867	1.77	80	2.60				
Maternal Mortality (total)	147	0.18 (a)	1	1.83 (a)				
Maternal Causes (excluding abortion)	115	0.14 (a)	1	1.83 (a)				
Due to Abortion	32	0.04 (a)	-	- (a)				
	Number Registered	Rate per 1,000 Live Births	Number Registered	Rate per 1,000 Live Births				
Infant Mortality	14,269	18	9	17				
Neo-natal Mortality	9,663	12	7	13				
Early Neo-natal Mortality	8,328	11	6	11				
Peri-natal Mortality	18,669	23 (a)	10	18 (a)				

⁽a) Per 1,000 total (live and still) births

Estimated mid-year home population (1) 48,987,700

(2) 30,800

- (1) Provisional figures based on Registrar-General's Quarterly Returns
- * Adjusted: Live Birth Rate 20.1 per 1,000 (Comp. Fact. 1.14)

 Death Rate 13.8 per 1,000 (Comp. Fact. 0.88)

VITAL STATISTICS

VITAL STATISTICS FOR 1970 AND THE PREVIOUS 10 YEARS, WITH 5 YEARS AVERAGE

	Y	T			1	i	H	N	1	1	1	1	11	11
atal	Rate per 1000 live births	15	11	15	12	19	14	20	14	∞	9	50	14	13
ortality Neo-natal	No. of deaths regis- tered	7	9	∞	9	10	7	10	∞	4	2	10	2	2
Infant Mortality	Rate per 1000 live births	17	13	17	23	21	18	28	22	14	14	28	23	17
Total	No. of deaths regis- tered	∞	2	6	12	11	6	14	12	2	2	14	11	6
Maternal Mortality	Rate per 1000 total births	2,1	Nil	Nil	Lin	Nil	4.0	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1.8
Mate	No. of deaths regis- tered	_	Nil	Lin	LiN	LiN	0.2	Nil	Lin	Nil	Lin	LiN	LiN	1
Stillbirths	Rate per 1000 total births	33	31	22	11	∞	21	27	2	16	16	14	16	2
Still	No. Regis- tered	16	17	12	9	4	11	14	4	∞	∞	2	∞	7
Deaths 1 causes)	Rate per 1000 pop'n	16.9	16.7	16.1	15.4	14.7	16.0	16.7	16.7	14.4	15.7	16.8	16.1	15.7
Deg (All o	No. Regis- tered	533	536	515	493	191	508	521	517	441	492	525	664	485
Sirths	Rate per 1000 pop'n	14.8	16.5	16.8	16.2	16.4	16.1	16.0	17.8	16.2	15.9	16.0	16.4	17.6
Live Births	No. Regis- tered	467	530	539	519	518	515	505	550	964	864	500	509	541
	Estimated Population	31,470	32,140	32,000	32,000	31,540	e 5 years	31,290	30,980	30,630	31,400	31,230	e 5 years	30,800
	Year	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	Average	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	Average	1970

VITAL STATISTICS

INCLUSIVE

1941 - 1970

YEARS,

30

OF

PERIOD

¥

OVER

RATES

NATIONAL

THE

RATES

DEATH

AND

BIRTH

NELSON

OF

COMPARISON

Total Neo-natal Births 18.3 75.00 Infant Live 29°8 27°6 27°6 26°6 26°6 20.9 20.0 Death Rates Per 1000|Per 1000 Births Maternal England and Wales Total 12.9 11.6 11.6 11.4 11.5 10.8 71,52 2,11 12.0 Per 1000 Per 1000 Births Total Still Rates Birth Live Total Neo-natal B_1 rths Infant Live Per 1000 Total Death Rates Maternal Births Per 1000 Crude Adjusted per 1000 pop'n Total 16.9 15.7 14.9 15.6 Nelson Births Still Crude Adjusted per 1000 pop'n Rates 3irth Live 13.6 6,000 12.5 13.3 7,50,21 16°5 16°5 16°2 16.4 14.1 11,1 Population Estimated 31,290 30,980 30,630 34,670 34,240 33,900 33,510 33,220 32,700 32,330 32,060 31,470 32,140 32,000 32,000 31,540 Year 1964 1965 1966 1968 1969 1970 1950 1957 1957 1955 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1941 1943 1944 1946 1946 1948

VITAL STATISTICS

Table showing Vital Statistics for 1970 of Authorities in Health Division No.6 for comparison

en		0	71 74 1 2000
Trawden		2,010	1,44 18,1 1,00 1,00 0.50
Barrowford UD	0	4,700	16.2 20.3 21.3 16.6
Brierfield UD	Estimated Population Mid-Year 1970	7,340	18.8 20.9 14.0 14.0 14.0 29 14.1 29 2.18
Padiham UD	Population	10,100	14.6 16.2 6 20 13.6 7 2.38
Burnley RD	Estimated	16,230	25 6,81 7,0 6,51 8,50 0,51
Colne		18,790	14°9 18°0 17°9 17°9 17°9 17°9 17°9 17°9
Nelson MB		30,800	17.6 20.1 15.7 17.8 17.8 17.5 17.5
			Live Birth Rates, Etc. Live Births per 1,000 pop'n (Grude Rate) Local adjusted rate Illegitimate live births as percentage of all live births Stillbirth rate per 1,000 total births Mortality Rates, Etc. Deaths per 1,000 pop'n (Grude Rate) Local adjusted rate Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births Neo-natal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births Peri-natal Mortality Rate per 1,000 total births Ralignant Neoplasms, Etc. Mortality per 1,000 pop'n Respiratory Tuberculosis

Rate per 1,000 RATES u, dod 0.19 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.39 0.49 0.55 0.45 0.13 0.03 0.03 0.07 0.03 0.84 AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE DURING 1970 WITH EQUIVALENT DEATH 48) 106 58) 106 15155556656150451555655 Ages A11 85 er 15 -69 13 55-999 Age in years 45-50 35-1 1 15-7 1 ı 4 weeks & under PART year weeks Under Sex Σ Fi VITAL STATISTICS - CAUSES OF DEATH Malignant Neoplasm, Buccal Cavity, etc. Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases Lung, Bronchus Intestine Prostate Stomach Uterus Breast Syphilis and its Sequelae Other Malignant Neoplasms Totals c/f to Part 2 Cause of Death Other Tuberculosis Multiple Sclerosis Diabetes Mellitus do qo qo фo do Leukaemia Anaemias

RATES

DEATH

EQUIVALENT

1970 WITH

LIFE DURING

OF

DIFFERENT PERIODS

VITAL STATISTICS - CAUSES OF DEATH AT

	Rate per 1,000	n, dod		07.0	, ,	0.23	0.07	4.12	0.52	1.98	0.94	0.32	1.01	0.91	0.13	0.07	0 0	\0°0	
	Total All	Ages	48) 106 58) 106	2) 6	<u> </u>	4) 7	n 777	69) 58) 127	2) 16	25) 61	14) 29	39.5	11) 31	22) 28	4	(2)	~~	2) 6	210) ₄ 31 221)
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		65-	16	0	3	w -	. 1	21	jw	1 N K	74 1	707	- - -	76.	- (-)	0 0	1 1	ı	69 55
	ល្	-55-	55	ı	ı	i i	_	17		- m n	/ -	1 10	1 ~ 4	- M	-	· ~	1 1	1	39
	years	- 45-	20	0	1	1 8	8	144) ~	ß I I	1				1 1	1 1	1 1	ı	12
	e in	- 35	1 N	1	_		- 1	N 1	ı	1 1 6	1	1 1	1	-	1 0 1	l I	1 1	1	アプ
	Age	- 25	1 1	ı	1	1 1	8		1				1	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	1	2 1
		- 15	- 1	0	-	1 1	1	0 0	1				1			 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- 1
		5	1	8		0 0	1		1		1		1	l		9 I	- 1	-	1 1
6.11	ន អ	6		0		8 0	•				1							-	1 1
PART 2	4 weeks & under	1 year	0 ~	â	0	0 0	0 1	0 6	8	0 8	1	0 0 0	~	0 0	0 0	1 1	1 1	ı	
P	Under 4	weeks	a 1	В	ı	0 0	â	0 0	0	1 8 0	ı	0 0	0 <	- 1	1 1 1	1 1	1 1	ı	۱ ۲
	Sex		로 노	Š	ഥ	ž F	ž	, S F	, ° 6	, », <u>r</u>	ž	, <u>,</u> E	 	ئ ∑ ئ	E	。 • 4 조	F Z	F.	M. F.
	Cause of Death		Totals (b/f from Part 1)	Other Diseases of Nervous System		Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	Hypertensive Disease	Ischaemic Heart Disease	Other Forms of Heart Disease	Cerebro-vascular Disease	Other Diseases of Circulatory System	Influenza	Pneumonîa	Bronchitis and Emphysema	Other Diseases of Respiratory System	Peptic Ulcer	Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia		Totals c/f to Part 3

RATES

DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE DURING 1970 WITH EQUIVALENT DEATH

DEATH AT

VITAL STATISTICS - CAUSES OF

	Rate per 1,000	u, dod		0,10)	0.07	0.13	0.10	0.03	0.07	0.07		0.0	0.07	0.10	0.19	0.16	0.55	0.10		15.75
	Total All	Ages	210) ₄₃₁	2) 3	- (Z (7 -	1) 4	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	1	3 2	~	~~	- (7	2) 2	2) 3	3) 6	577	7) 12	376	(2)	232)485
		Sver S	81 125	1	1 1	<u> </u>	۱۸	۱۱۲	- ı	~ ~	- 1	<u> </u>	ı	1 1	1 1	WK) 7	- m «) i i		145
		-69	69 55	1	1 '	<u> </u>	1 1	1	l I	ı	l l	← I	ı	1_1	1 1	ı	1 1 5	- 0 -	- 1 5		72 59
	ທ	-55	39 21	đ	_	1 1	← 1	1 5	- 1	ı	1 1	1 1	ı	1 1	1 1	ı	l I	l I	-		41
	years	45-	12	2	8	1 1	1 5	. 1 4	- 1	ı	1 1	1 1	ı	1 1	1 1	1	٦ ١ ١	- 1	1 1 7	- .	14
	in	35-	7	3	ı	8 1	1 1	ı		1	1 1	1 1	ı	1 1	1 1	ı	1 7	- 1	l I	1	25
	Age	25-	Z 1	ı	1	1 1	1 1	ı	1 1	ı	1 1	1 1	ı	1 1	8 1	1	1	l I	1 1	-	21
		15-	- 1	ı	ı	1 1	1 1	ı	1 1	ı	I I	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	ı	l I		- ı		7 -
PART 3		5-	1 1	ı	ı	1 1	1 1	ı	8 1	ı	1 1	1 1	ı	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	I I	I I	_	1 1
			1 1	ı	1	8 I	1 1	1	1 1	ı	1 1	1 1	ı	1 1	1 1	1	l ←	l ~	ı ı		2 1
	4 weeks & under	1 year		ı	1	ı İ	1 1	1	1 1	ı	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	1	ı ı ,	1 1	1 1	•	
	Under 4	weeks	1 ~	ı	ı	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	~	~ 1	2 6	- 1	1 1	I I		1	7
	Sex		M.	Æ	ᄕ	Z F4	Z [±	ž	ц [щ	Σŗ	ıΣ	r z	ᅜ	ΣĿ	ΣF	. Z F	ı Z ı	d Z h	4 조 1	•	Σ Fi
	Cause of Death		Totals (b/f from Part 2)	Cirrhosis of Liver		Other Diseases of Digestive System	Nephritis and Nephrosis	Other Diseases, Genito-Urinary System	Other Complications of Pregnancy	Diseases of Skin, Subcutaneous Tissue	Diseases of Musculo-Skeletal System	Congenital Anomalies		Birth Injury, Difficult Labour, etc.	Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality	Symptoms and Ill-defined Conditions	Motor Vehicle Accidents	All Other Accidents	Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries		Totals

VITAL STATISTICS

CLASSIFICATION OF INFANT DEATHS DURING 1970 ACCORDING TO CAUSES AND AGES

Cause of Death	Neo-natal (Under 4 wks.) M. F.		(4	thers wks nths.) F.	Tot	tal F.
Infective and Parasitic Diseases Chickenpox	a p	200	-	1	œ	1
Diseases of the Respiratory System Pneumonia, unspecified		1	1	-	1	1
Congenital Anomalies Congenital anomalies of heart - unspecified	cate	1	-	-	_	1
Certain Causes of Perinatal Morbidity and Mortality - Other Complications of Pregnancy Premature separation of placenta	1	1	-	_	1	1
Anoxic and Hyponoxic conditions not elsewhere classified Respiratory distress syndrome	2	ac	_	_	2	_
Immaturity, unqualified	1	-	-	-	1	-
	4	3	1	1	5	4
Totals	7	7		2	C	9

VITAL STATISTICS

DEATHS FROM CANCER DURING 1970 AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE AND WITH EQUIVALENT DEATH RATES ANALYSIS OF

PART 1

		
Rate per 1,000 pop'n 1969	0.03 - 0.06 0.48 0.10 - 0.99 - 0.45	
Rate per 1,000 pop'n 1970	0.03 0.039 0.29) 0.10 0.26 0.03 0.03	
Total	12 09 5 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	73
Total M. F.	15 1 2 2 5 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1	36 37
75 & over M. F.	- i	11 12
65-74 M. F.	11 10166 16 0 111	12 11
Age Groups 45-54 55-64 M. F. M. F.	1	∞ ∞
Age Groups 45-54 55- M. F. M.	11 17 11 17 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	†
35-44 M. F.	11 1116 11 116	1 2
25-34 M. F.		1
15-24 M. F.		1
Location of Growth	BUCCAL CAVITY AND PHARYNX Other & unspecified parts of mouth Nasopharynx DIGESTIVE ORGANISMS AND PERITONEUM Oesophagus Stomach Small intestine including duodenum Large intestine except rectum Rectum and recto-sigmoid junction Liver & intra-hepatic ducts, specified as primary Pancreas RESPIRATORY SYSTEM Trachea, bronchus & lung BONE, CONNECTIVE TISSUE, SKIN & BREAST Bone Other malignant neoplasms of skin Breast	Totals c/f to Part 2

VITAL STATISTICS

RATES		Rate per 1,000 pop'n 1969		0°03 0°06	0.00	0 00	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	1	5.50
LENT DEATH		Rate per 1,000 pop'n 1970		0.13	0000	0.03	8 6 C	0.03	1 1	0.03	L 7	5.05
EQUIVALENT		Total	73	7	m + + 1	· - 1	B 8	+ -	1 1		Ü	2.6
WITH	•	Total M. F.	1	7 7	140				8 0	1 1 -	45 52	26
3 1970 AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE AND		75 & over	_	0.0	100			8 8	8 8	1 9 1	14 18	32
		65-74 7 M. F.	17	1 1	1 1 7	9 0 0	B B 9		B B	0 0 0	15 13	28
	PART 2	Groups 54 55-64 F. M. F.	∞ ∞	3 B		B 1 8	B . B	0 2	9 8	B B B	01 6	19
		Age Gro 45-54 M. F.	7 7	← 1	2 1 8 1				8 0	0 0 0	5 8	13
		755-44 M. F.	1	← 1	8 8 0 i	1 B B	1 I	8 8	0 B	1 1 1	1 3	4
		25-34 M. F.		0 8	0 8 8 1	B 0 B	0 0	0 8	8 0	B I B	8	1
DURING		15-24 M. F.		8 8	9 9 1	0 0	B B	8 8	0 B		1 -	-
ANALYSIS OF DEATHS FROM CANCER		Location of Growth	Totals b/f from Part 1	GENITO URINARY ORGANS Cervix Uteri Other malignant neoplasms of uterus	ligament Prostate Bladder	OTHER AND UNSPECIFIED SITES Other parts of nervous system Thyroid gland	Ill-defined sites Secondary & unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes	Uther Secondary malignant neoplasm Malignant neoplasm without Specification of Site LYMPHATIC AND HAEMATOPOIETIC TISSUE	Lymphosarcoma and reticulum cell sarcoma Hodgkins Disease	Other neoplasms of lymphoid tissue Multiple myeloma Myeloid leukaemia		Totals

1970 - MONTHLY ANALYSIS OF DEATHS

WITH RATES PER 1,000 POPULATION

	1	tual hs in		ward		ward	Nett deaths in N			elson	
Month		lson	Tran	sfers	Trans	sfers	Number			Rate	
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	M •	F.	Total	per 1,000 pop'n	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	23 15 17 12 8 14 5 5 6 6 8 14	25 13 8 14 11 6 12 10 10 8	- 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 - 1 - 3	1 5 - 4 2 1 2 -	16 7 8 5 11 7 14 12 3 10 6 13	22 11 12 5 12 16 9 3 10 12 10 8	39 21 24 14 18 20 18 16 9 15 14 24	46 24 20 13 21 27 15 11 18 21 16 21	85 45 44 27 39 47 33 27 26 30 45	2.76 1.46 1.43 0.88 1.27 1.53 1.07 0.88 0.88 1.17 0.97 1.45	
Totals	133	138	13	15	112	130	232	253	485	15.75	

1970 SUMMARY OF AGES AT DEATH

Age Groups	:	aths in lson		ward sfers	Inwa Trana	ard sfers _,	1		Deaths ted to	% of each group to
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	Total	total deaths
Under 1 year 1 year 2 - 4 years 5 - 9 years 10 - 14 " 15 - 19 " 20 - 24 " 25 - 29 " 30 - 34 " 35 - 39 " 40 - 44 " 45 - 49 " 50 - 54 " 50 - 69 " 70 - 74 " 75 - 79 " 80 - 84 " 90 - 94 " 91 - 99 "	1 2 3 4 4 7 12 5 7 2 8 2 0 5 5 -	1 3 5 6 3 6 9 8 2 8 4 8 1	113-21221		5 - 2 - 1 1 1 1 1 - 5 1 8 15 18 16 10 2 -	4 1 2 1 2 4 5 2 6 3 9 4 1 3 3 1	5 - 2 - 1 1 1 1 3 2 9 5 2 7 8 4 2 8 4 7 -	4 1 3 4 6 10 8 18 13 46 50 51 27 10 2	9 - 2 - 2 1 1 1 6 6 5 5 5 0 9 7 9 1 1 7 2	1.86 - 0.41 - 0.41 0.21 0.21 0.21 1.24 1.24 1.24 1.29 1.29 1.28 10.52 16.49 18.97 16.29 16.
Totals	133	138	13	15	112	130	232	253	485	100.00

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE SUMMARY OF AGES AT DEATH 1960 - 1970 INCLUSIVE

]	Each ag	ge grou	ıp as j	percen	tage of	f total	annua	al dea	ths	
Age groups	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970
Under 1 year	1.50	1.31	1.75	2.43	2.38	2.69	2.32	1.59	1.42	2.85	1.86
1 year	0.38	0.19	000	-	CO CO	=	0.19	0.23	35	-	_
2 - 4 years	-	0.19	_	c==	0.22	0.20	0.19	0.23	-	0.38	0.41
5 - 9 years	0.38	0.74	0.39	-	0.22	0.20	0.19	œ	0.41		_
10 - 14 years	-	0.19	(SE)	-	œ.	8	63	0.45	0.20	e e	-
15 - 19 years	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.22	623	0.19	0.45	-	0.38	0.41
20 - 24 years	-	0.37	0.19	0.20	-	0.38	0.19	0.23	0.20	0.38	0.21
25 - 29 years	=	-	_	caso	- CED	0.57	0.39	a	0.20	0	0.21
30 - 34 years	0.38	0.37	0.39	0.61	0.43	0.20	0.39	0.68	-	0.38	0.21
35 - 39 years	0.94	0.19	0.78	0.61	0.43	1.53	0.97	0.68	0.20	0.19	1.24
40 - 44 years	1.31	0.93	1.17	0.82	1.28	1.92	0.77	1.36	1.02	1.52	1.24
45 - 49 years	2.44	1.88	1.75	1.82	2.16	0.77	2.13	1.13	2.44	2.86	3.09
50 - 54 years	4.13	3.54	5.05	3.04	3.23	3.45	1.93	4.76	2.03	2.67	3.09
55 - 59 years	5.81	5.41	5.63	6.69	4.53	4.80	5.03	6.12	5.69	5.34	4.12
60 - 64 years	9.94	9.51	9.32	12.58	11.64	9.02	8.90	7.48	8.54	10.10	9.28
65 - 69 years	14.26	13.80	13.98	12.58	14.44	12.48	12.96	14.97	14.43	15.43	10.52
70 - 74 years	16.51	16.60	16.88	15.21	18.10	21.11	17.22	16.56	14.43	17.52	16.49
75 - 79 years	19.32	19.40	19.42	17.44	18.75	15.93	18.38	18.14	19.92	14.86	18.97
80 - 84 years	11.25	14.74	13.79	15.42	12.28	14.20	18.38	13.60	16.46	15.80	16.29
85 - 89 years	9.57	8.77	7.96	8.32	7.76	7.29	7.35	7.94	8.94	6.29	8.45
90 - 94 years	1.31	1.49	0.97	1.62	1.93	2.88	1.74	2.95	3.05	2.67	3.50
95 - 99 years	0.38	0.19	0.39	0.41	6	0.38	0.19	0.45	0.41	0.38	0.41
Total Deaths	533	536	515	493	464	521	517	441	492	525	485

VITAL STATISTICS

TOTAL DEATHS, ACCORDING TO AGES, (AT FIVE-YEAR INTERVALS) FROM 1920 - 1970 PERCENTAGE OF

1965 1970	2.7 1.86	0.5 0.41	0.2	4.6 3.50	18.0 19.59	74.3 74.64	521 485	31,290 30,800	16.7 15.7
1960	ر, 1	4°0	4°0	8.0	22.3	72.6	533	31,470 31	16.9
1955	1.0	9°0	9.0	5°6	25.5	2.69	1 64	33,220	14.9
1950	1.1	4.0	4.0	2.1	6.92	69.1	564	24,670	16.3
1945	9°£		эрде	slisv	ot an	PN	478	31,100	15.3
1940	3.6	8.0	4.0	10.0	28.1	57.1	530	33,520	15.8
1935	5.9	۲ د	1.7	12.6	28.5	50.2	094	960°22	12.4
1930	2.2	2.3	1.6	12.0	29°8	9°94	483	39,760	12,1
1925	7.7	5.3	2,1	15.5	32.8	36.6	824	39,990	11.9
1920	13.2	2°5	3.2	20°5	26.1	35.1	410	43,095	9.5
Ages	Under 1 year	1 - 4 years	5 - 14 "	15 - 44 "	" 45 - 64 "	65 years & over	Total Deaths	Population	Death Rate

VITAL STATISTICS

DEATHS OCCURRING IN NELSON AND OUTWARD AND INWARD TRANSFERABLE DEATHS IN PERCENTAGE COMPARISON WITH THE NETT DEATHS ASSIGNED TO NELSON EACH YEAR OVER THE PERIOD 1933 - 1970 INCLUSIVE

Year°	Actual Number	Outward	Deaths in Transfers er areas % of above	Deaths	in Nelson esidents % of nett deaths	Inwai to I	ns out of Borough rd Transfers Welson % of nett deaths	Nett deaths assigned to Nelson
1970 1969 1968 1967 1966 1965 1964 1965 1961 1960 1958 1957 1955 1957 1955 1957 1959 1948 1947 1948 1948 1949 1949 1949	271 342 313 276 331 325 366 375 366 367 369 414 419 451 451 451 451 451 451 451 451 451 451	28 42 1 2 9 2 2 7 0 3 4 0 9 4 5 5 5 9 7 2 6 0 2 1 5 6 6 8 8 War	10.3 14.1 12.3 14.1 12.3 14.1 13.9 14.1 13.0 15.6 16.8 12.3 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8	243 294 271 245 289 272 283 317 309 335 337 350 348 371 371 386 371 349 figures	50.1 56.0 55.6 55.6 55.6 55.9 61.0 62.5 63.7 71.1 69.7 71.4 69.7 71.4 74.6 74.5 71.6	242 231 221 196 2249 181 176 201 214 158 146 147 149 108 107 132 able	49.0 44.1 47.8 39.0 44.1 47.8 39.0 30.5 40.5	485 525 441 525 441 516 485 526 487 536 526 536 527 481 536 548 556 548 556 548 556 564 564 564 564 564 564 564 564 564
1941) 1940 1939 1938 1937 1936 1935 1934 1933	406 415 426 395 401 368 401 462	10 19 12 12 21 13 17 23	2.5 4.6 2.8 3.0 5.2 3.5 4.2 5.0	396 396 414 383 380 355 384 439	74.7 75.4 75.3 78.0 79.2 77.2 80.7 81.9	134 129 136 108 100 105 92 97	25.3 24.6 24.7 22.0 20.8 22.8 19.3 18.1	(491 530 525 550 491 480 460 476 536

DEATHS OCCURRING IN HOSPITALS OR INSTITUTIONS IN RELATION TO TOTAL DEATHS DURING 1970 VITAL STATISTICS

)eaths	In Hosp. or Inst. M. F.	34 46 80 46.0%	26 37 63 55°7%	31 26 57 65.5%	30 37 67 60.4%	121 146 267 55.0%
Nett Deaths	Total M. F.	84 90	52 61	43 44	53 58	232 253 485
ansfers	In Hosp. or Inst. M. F.	30 43 73 96.0%	23 32 55 98 . 2%	29 22 51 10%	28 29 57 96 . 6%	110 126 237 97.9%
Inward Transfers	Total M. F.	31 45	23 33	29 22 51	29 30	112 130 242
Outward Transfers	In Hosp. or Inst. M. F.	2 1 3 100%	4 5 90°0%	1 8 100%	4 6 85.7%	11 15 26 92.8%
Outward 1	Total M. F.	2 3	5 5	2 8	2 4	13 15
n Nelson	In Hosp. or Inst. M. F.	6 4 9°9%	7 10 25°4%	3 11 14 31.8%	6 10 16 27 . 1%	22 35 57 21.0%
Deaths in Nelson	Total M. F.	55 46	34 33	16 28	28 31	133 138
	Quarter Ended	31st March	30th June	30th September	31st December	Total for the year

40.

VITAL STATISTICS

PERCENTAGE OF DEATHS WHICH OCCURRED IN HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, ETC., ANNUALLY

FROM 1955 - 1969 INCLUSIVE, WITH QUINQUENNIAL AVERAGES AND 1970

			Į.	40.				
Deaths 1 to Nelson	% occurring in hospital, inst. etc.	30°3 37°4 34.2 34°3 40°7	35.4	45.8 42.2 45.2 42.6 43.3	43.8	51.0 48.2. 47.2 48.6 49.1	48.8	55°0
Nett Assigned	Total Number	494 521 505 489 526	507	533 536 515 493 464	508	521 517 441 492 525	499	485
Transfer Deaths	% occurring in hospital, inst. etc.	73.9 96.9 94.5 90.5	5.06	95.3 93.5 96.6 96.6	4°56	95.6 94.3 93.9 98.3	95.1	6°26
Inward Tra	Total Number	146 161 146 158	161	214 201 206 176 181	196	249 228 196 221 231	225	. 242
	% occurring in hospital, inst. etc.	81.0 87.0 93.8 84.0 82.3	85.6	81.4 77.5 78.7 86.5 88.1	82.4	77°5 83°3 87°1 85°7	85.1	92°8
Nelson	Outward Transfers to Other Areas	58 54 49 50 34	64	43 40 47 52 42	45	49 42 31 42 48	42	28
Deaths in N	% occurring in hospital, inst. etc.	21.9 20.8 19.8 17.6	19.1	20°4 18°4 19°9 23°0 20°3	20°4	20.6 20.8 18.5 22.0 21.9	20°8	21.0
	Total Number in Nelson	406 414 408 381 366	395	362 375 356 369 325	357	321 331 276 313 342	317	271
	Year	1955 1956 1957 1958 1959	Average	1960 1961 1962 1963	Average	1965 1966 1967 1968	Average	1970

SECTION B

GENERAL PROVISION OF

HEALTH SERVICES

FOR THE AREA



Particulars of the staff of the Health Department are given on page 7 of this report.

In subsequent sections, full details will be found relating to infectious diseases and environmental health services within the Borough, for which the Council is directly responsible.

The present section relates to those health services which concern more the personal health and welfare of the individual rather than public health and the community.

Liaison between County Council Services and Borough Council Services is facilitated by the fact that your Medical Officer of Health is also Schools Medical Officer and Divisional Medical Officer.

HOSPITALS

The Hospital Services for the Borough are provided by the Burnley and District Hospital Management Committee of the Manchester Regional Hospital Board and action is taken by them to secure adequate hospital treatment for the varying needs of the people.

Hospitals in the Burnley district available to Nelson residents are as follows:-

Reedyford Memorial Hospital, Nelson

Grove House Recovery Home, Barrowford

Hartley Hospital, Colne

Bank Hall Hospital, Burnley

Edith Watson Maternity Unit, General Hospital, Burnley

General Hospital, Burnley

Marsden Hospital, Burnley

Victoria Hospital, Burnley

Patients suffering from infectious diseases are, when necessary, admitted to Marsden Hospital, Burnley.

VENEREAL DISEASES CLINICS

This service is also provided by the Burnley and District Hospital Management Committee and separate clinics are held twice a week, for both male and female patients, at the Victoria Hospital, Burnley.

LABORATORY FACILITIES

The facilities of the Public Health Laboratory, Royal Infirmary, Meadow Street, Preston, are available for the use of your Authority.

Samples of water, milk, ice-cream, etc., were submitted for examination and the results are given in the appropriate sections of this report.

WELFARE OF THE AGED

The responsibility for the care of the aged in their own homes belongs to the Lancashire County Council as the Health Authority for the Borough. Under the Divisional scheme the specially appointed Welfare Organiser co-operates with representatives and officers of all statutory and voluntary bodies and organisations concerned with this aspect of public health.

As a supplement to the County Council services your Council also provides a Welfare Service for the aged. This is financed by the Mayor's Welfare Fund and subscriptions from employers and voluntary organizations.

At the end of the year eleven full-time welfare workers were employed. By arrangement with the Barrowford Urban District Council one of these works in their area. During the year more than 47,000 visits were made in the performance of their duties, approximately 5,000 of which were in Barrowford. These include the visiting of the aged in their own homes and giving assistance by helping with such things as shopping, collecting pensions, lighting fires and making drinks, etc.

The Meals on Wheels Service was inaugurated in 1966. The meals are prepared by a firm of caterers, who also operate a local factory canteen, and are transported to the homes of recipients in the special vehicle for this purpose which was donated jointly by the Nelson Round Table and the Nelson Ladies' Circle.

Thirty-one meals are distributed each day on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays by the Mayor's Welfare Section in co-operation with the local branch of the Women's Royal Voluntary Services, assisted on occasions by senior pupils from two of the local Secondary Modern Schools. There is quite a demand for this much appreciated service.

Furthermore, the Luncheon Club for the aged continues to be held in the Civic Theatre, Stanley Street, Nelson, on Thursdays, an average of 85 persons being catered for. These meals are supplied by another firm of caterers who also operate a local factory canteen.

There are six Social Clubs for Aged Persons in the Borough, five of which are provided by your Council, and these have a total membership of over 2,500.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACTS, 1948 AND 1951 (SECTION 47)

No applications for orders for the removal to suitable premises of persons in need of care and attention were made during the year.

TUBERCULOSIS SERVICE

The Chest Clinic for the area is situate at the Marsden Hospital, Burnley, to which known, and suspected, cases of tuberculosis are referred by medical practitioners. Patients are also visited in their own homes by Health Visitors employed by the Lancashire County Council Health Division No.6. These Health Visitors work in co-operation with the Chest Clinic and advise on the care and after-care of patients.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948 (SECTION 50)

It is the duty of the Local Authority to arrange for the burial of the body of a person who has died or been found dead in their area where it appears that no suitable arrangements for the disposal of the body are being made.

One such case was dealt with during the year.

CTHER SERVICES

The Borough of Nelson forms part of the Lancashire County Council Health Division No.6 and the following is a summary of the services provided by the County Council and administered from the Divisional Health Office, Oakleigh, Reedley, Nr. Burnley.

Ambulance Service

Care of Mothers and Young Children

Ante-natal Clinics

Child Health Clinics

Day Nurseries

Nurseries and Child Minders Regulations

Problem Families

Relaxation Classes

Unmarried Mothers

Health Visiting

Home Nursing

Immunisation and Vaccination

Measles, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, Tetanus,

Poliomyelitis, Smallpox and Tuberculosis

Medical Examinations

Mental Health

Mental Illness and Subnormality

Training Centres

Hostels

Midwifery Service

Prevention of Illness - Care and After-Care

Cervical Cytology

Chiropody

Convalesence

Health Education

Laundry Service Loan of Nursing Equipment

Home Help Service

Night and Evening Help Service

Tuberculosis

Welfare Services for the Aged

Homes for the Aged

Registration of Private Homes

Residential Accommodation

Short-stay Accommodation

Welfare Service for Handicapped Persons

Blind and Partially Sighted

Deaf and Dumb

Physically Handicapped (General Classes)

Social Centres

Information regarding these services are given in my report as Divisional Medical Officer.



SECTION C

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER
INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES



INFECTIOUS AND OTHER NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

The total of 224 notifications received was a marked increase, being almost four times the number received during the previous year and the most in any year since 1966, which had a total of 487. The increase was in the number of cases of measles notified which gave a case incidence rate of 5.68 per 1,000 population compared with a national incidence rate of 6.273 per 1,000 population. Most of these occurred during the months of May, June and July.

There was also an increase of 5 in the number of notifications of tuberculosis, giving a total of 29 cases (respiratory: 16 males and 3 females, non-respiratory: 4 males and 6 females), the most in any year since 1958 when there were 34 notifications. Most of these cases, 22 (respiratory 16 and non-respiratory 6), were Commonwealth Immigrants. The incidence rate for this disease was 0.94 per 1,000 population (respiratory 0.62 and non-respiratory 0.32) compared with a national rate, that is for England and Wales as a whole, of 0.244 per 1,000 population (respiratory 0.194 and non-respiratory 0.050). One death occurred from miliary tuberculosis and this was an un-notified case, also a Commonwealth Immigrant.

Althogether 31 new patients were added to the register of tuberculosis persons during 1970, the 29 new notifications and 2 transfers from other areas. There were 7 names deleted, 4 of patients who had recovered, another 2 who had left the district and 1 who died from a cause other than tuberculosis.

Food Poisoning was notified on five occasions. An outbreak of 3 cases caused by a grandparent with food poisoning symptoms going to live temporarily with her married daughter and family. The grandparent was later admitted to hospital and the diagnosis confirmed (Salmonella typhi-murium) but a grandchild and the child of a neighbour had also become infected. The diagnosis was also confirmed in each of these cases. Two other isolated cases did occur, one a salmonella typhi-murium infection and the other a salmonella-enteriditis, the latter became infected whilst on holiday and was admitted to hospital on return. In none of these cases was the vehicle of infection ascertainable.

HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASES

This is provided by the Burnley and District Hospital Management Committee at Marsden Hospital, Burnley, when required, for all infectious diseases with the exception of smallpox. If on occasions, accommodation thereat is not available, arrangements are then made through the Bed Bureau for admission of the patient to an isolation hospital under the control of a neighbouring Hospital Management Committee.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936 - SECTION 172

It was not found necessary to invoke the provisions of this Section for the removal to hospital of any infectious person suffering from tuberculosis of the respiratory tract.

DISINFECTION AFTER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Generally the disinfection of rooms, bedding and personal clothing is no longer recommended except in cases of smallpox and some cases of tuberculosis. Experience has shown that cleansing with soap and water and the use of a disinfectant together with efficient ventilation of rooms is adequate, but disinfection is still carried out if specially requested. There were no such requests during the year.

Scabies is not a notifiable disease, but occasionally cases are discovered through the school medical service and referred to this Department for treatment. This is carried out on our behalf by the County Borough of Burnley on a payment basis, as and when required. The steam disinfection of personal clothing and bedding, etc., forms part of the treatment.

The following Tables give detailed information relative to:-

INFECTIOUS AND OTHER NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

Cases notified during 1970.

Comparison of 1970 figures with previous five years and average.

Monthly Incidence of Notified Cases during 1970.

Comparison of Case Rates for Nelson and National Rates during 1970.

Tuberculosis - Analysis of New Cases and Deaths during 1970 according to Age Group and Sex.

Tuberculosis - Particulars of New Cases and Deaths annually over period of 30 years.

Tuberculosis - Number of Cases on Register during 1970.

CASES OF INFECTIOUS & OTHER NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

NOTIFIED DURING 1970

	PROPERTY THE THEORY OF THE THE THEORY OF THE THE THEORY OF THE THEORY OF THE THEORY OF THE THE THEORY OF THE THE THE THEORY OF THE THEORY OF THE	1										
Notifiable Diseases	Total			A	ge P	erio	d -	Year	s			
Notifiable Diseases	Cases	0-	1=	2=	3-	4-	5-	10-	1!	5-	25 a ove	
Measles (excluding rubella) Dysentery	175 1 3 - 2	9	15 1	22	24	18	84 - 3	2		1	- 1	
Totals	181	10	16	22	24	18	87	2		1	1	
		0		5		1	5-		45-		65 a	
Acute encephalitis = Infective	5						- - - - 2		- - - - 1			
Totals	5	CD		2			2		1		-	
		0- 1	- 2-	5-	10-	15-	20-	25-	35 -	45	- 55-	65-
Tetanus	19		5	2	- 1 5 - 1 1	5 - 1 -		2 - 2 -	2 - 3 -	2 - 1 -	-	3 - 2 -
Totals	38		5	2	8	6	-	4	5	3	63	5
Smallpox	224	Set Taker a Vizakelle					Okeo W Production					

INFECTIOUS AND OTHER NOTIFIABLE DISEASES - NOTIFICATIONS Comparison of 1970 figures with those of the previous 5 years and average

Notifiable Diseases	Noti		tions during		ived	Total for	Average number	Notifica tions
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	5 yrs	per year	1970
Measles (excluding Rubella)	94	462	12	119	33	720	144.0	175
Dysentery	5	1	10	-	1	17	3.4	1
Scarlet Fever	1	9	-	5	1	16	3.2	3
Diphtheria	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Meningococcal Infection (a)	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Acute Meningitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Acute Poliomyelitis -								
Paralytic Non-paralytic	- -	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-
Acute Encephalitis -								
Infective Post Infectious	-	- -	-	- -	-	-	-	-
Acute Pneumonia (a)	3	1	_	1	_	5	1.0	-
Leptospirosis	-	-	-	-	an		-	-
Paratyphoid Fever	-	_	-	-	-	-		
Typhoid Fever	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
Food Poisoning	-	4	1	3	2	10	2.0	5
Erysipelas (a)	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia (a)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~
Tetanus	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infective Jaundice	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	1
Tuberculosis -								
Respiratory	5	6	7	8	14	40	8.0	19
Meninges & C.N.S. Other	- 6	- 3	-	- 4	10	- 29	- 5.8	- 10
Whooping Cough	8	-	21	3	-	32	6.4	8
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	_	1	_	-	_	1	0.2	
Smallpox	-	_	_	_	_		-	-
Anthrax	Case .	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Yellow Fever	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Malaria	-	-	-	-	1	1	0.2	-
Totals	122	487	57	143	62	871	174.2	224

⁽a) Not notifiable from 1st October, 1968

INFECTIOUS AND OTHER NOTIFIABLE DISEASES MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIED CASES DURING 1970

Notifiable Diseases	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Measles (excluding Rubella)	-		4	5	46	76	36	4	1	1	2	1	175
Dysentery	-	_	cash	_	_	1	-	-	-	•	-	-	1
Scarlet Fever	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Diphtheria		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Acute Meningitis	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	2
Acute Poliomyelitis - Paralytic Non-paralytic	de	-	-	-	-	-	1	_ _	-	-	<u>-</u> -	 -	-
Acute Encephalitis - Infective Post-Infectious	-	-	-	-	_ _	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leptospirosis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paratyphoid Fever	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Typhoid Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food Poisoning	-	esto	-	-	-	-	2	3	_	-	-	-	5
Tetanus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infective Jaundice	-	-		1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	1
Tuberculosis - Respiratory Menginges & C.N.S. Other	-	1 - 1	3 -	2 - 2	1	4 -	3 - 1	1 - 1	- - 1	- 2	1 - 1	3 - 1	19 - 10
Whooping Cough	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	•	1	_	_	7	8
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	_	_	960	desch	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
Smallpox	-	oues .	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Anthrax	coo	-	-	•	_	_	_	-		_	-	-	-
Yellow Fever	-	-	-	cas	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Malaria	-		-	-	-	-	comb	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	3	3	7	10	48	81	42	9	3	2	4	12	224

INFECTIOUS AND OTHER NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

COMPARISON OF CASE RATES FOR CERTAIN DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR 1970

	1	1)	i e	2)
	England	and Wales	Nel	Lson
Notifications	Number	Rate per	Number	Rate per
(Corrected)	of	1,000 home	of	1,000 home
	notifs.	population	notifs.	population
		P		Population
Measles	307,279	6,273	175	5.68
Dysentery	10,767	0.220	1	0.03
Scarlet Fever	13,138	0.268	3	0.10
Whooping Cough	16,597	0.339	3 8	0.26
Infective Jaundice	21,563	0.440	1	0.10
Tuberculosis -				
Respiratory	9,484	0.194	19	0.62
Meninges and C.N.S.	92	0.002	_	-
Other forms	2,331	0.048	10	0.32
Diphtheria	22	0.000	-	-
Tetanus	22	0.000	_	_
Acute Meningitis	1,322	0.027	2	0.06
Acute Encephalitis -		, <u> </u>		
Infective	114	0.002	_	_
Post Infectious	124	0.003	_	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	464	0.009	_	-
Acute Poliomyelitis -				
Paralytic	6	0.000	_	- ·
Non-paralytic	1	0.000	-	_
Leptospirosis	14	0.000	_	-
Paratyphoid Fever	207	0.004	_	_
Typhoid Fever	156	0.003	_	-
Food Poisoning	7,566	0.154	5	0.16
Anthrax	5	0.000	_	_
Smallpox	=	-	-	-
Plague	_	-	-	-
Cholera	_	-	_	-
Typhus Fever	-	-	_	-
Relapsing Fever	-	-	-	-
Yellow Fever	-	-	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Provisional figures based on Registrar General's Quarterly Returns

Estimated Home Population Mid-1970 (1) 48,987,700

(2) 30,800

INFECTIOUS AND OTHER NOTIFIABLE DISEASES ANALYSIS OF NEW CASES OF TUBERCULOSIS AND DEATHS FROM THE DISEASE ACCORDING TO AGE GROUP AND SEX DURING 1970

		New Ca	ases			Deat	hs	
Age Periods	Respi	ratory	No Respi	n- ratory	Respi	ratory		Non- ratory
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.
Under 1 year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 to 4 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 to 9 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 to 14 years	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
15 to 19 years	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 34 years	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
35 to 44 years	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-
45 to 54 years	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
55 to 64 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 to 74 years	-	1	1	-	-	-	_	-
75 and upwards	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
m. + 3 -	16	3	4	6	-	-	-	1
Totals	1	9	1	0		_		1

INFECTIOUS AND OTHER NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

TUBERCULOSIS

PARTICULARS	OF NEW	V CASES	AND DEATH	_	PERIOD C	OF 30 YEARS
1. NEW CA	ASES Respir Male	ratory Female	Non-respi Male	ratory Female	Total	Rate per 1,000 Population
1970 1969 1968 1967 1966 1965 1964 1963 1961 1960 1958 1957 1956 1955 1955 1955 1951 1950 1948 1947 1948 1947 1948 1945 1944 1944 1944 1944 1944 1944 1944	16 7 2 5 5 5 11 2 12 3 7 10 17 9 10 14 12 7 12 14 13 24 22 12 16 18 19 20 15	37621 - 193751500136284509699581	431515223233 - 1 - 113566442343160	6731212 - 1 - 1212131277974901792	29 4 12 13 9 11 15 5 4 9 17 19 4 16 22 22 23 33 5 35 4 37 4 39 4 39 4 39 4 39 4 39 4 39 4 39	0.94 0.77 0.39 0.42 0.29 0.35 0.47 0.16 0.75 0.28 0.54 0.59 1.06 0.49 0.67 0.78 0.86 0.80 0.91 1.02 0.86 1.50 1.24 0.79 1.31 1.25 1.30 1.32 1.31
2. DEATHS						
1970 1969 1968 1967 1966 1965 1964 1963 1962 1960 1958 1957 1958 1957 1956 1955 1955 1951 1950 1948 1947 1948 1947 1948 1944 1945 1944 1945 1944 1944 1944 1944	-1 2111 -1111342 - 594 5213 904 769	13121228584333549	- - - - - - 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 - 2 2 - 2 -	1 1 - 2 2 - 1 3 1 1 3 -	1 1 - 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 5 7 3 3 7 1 8 3 1 2 1 2 7 5 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.03 0.03 0.06 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.06 0.06

INFECTIOUS AND OTHER NOTIFIABLE DISEASES TUBERCULOSIS

NUMBER OF CASES ON TUBERCULOSIS REGISTER DURING 1970

	Pulmonary Non-Pulm		monary	nary Total					
	М.	F.	Total	М.	F.	Total	М.		Total
Number of cases on register at com-mencement of year	49	37	86	23	17	40	72	54	126
Number of cases added to register during the year:-									
(a) New Cases	16	3	19	4	6	10	20	9	29
(b) Inward trans- fers from other districts	2	-	2	-	•	-	2	-	2
(c) Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Cases Number of cases removed from regis-	67	40	107	27	23	50	94	63	157
ter during year:- (a) Died	1	_	1	e an	-	=	1	_	1
(b) Recovered	1	1	2	2	-	2	3	1	4
(c) Left District	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	2
Total deletions	2	2	4	3	40	3	5	2	7
Number of cases on register at end of year	65	38	103	24	23	47	89	61	150



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

SENIOR PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31st DECEMBER, 1970



Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting my Annual Report on the environmental services provided by this Department.

HOUSING

The acceptance by the Health Committee of a programme of 4 Clearance Areas was implemented by the Official Representation for 70 properties in the Grove Street and Southfield Street Clearance Area. It is intended that these areas of low standard dwellings be cleared and redeveloped for housing purposes. A programmed scheme such as this gives the public confidence to buy properties, knowing that they will not be affected by clearance programmes in the near future.

RODENT CONTROL

Warfarin resistance amongst mice continues to be a problem. The use of alternative poisons is limited, but reasonable success was achieved by using Alphachloralose in a variety of bases. The closure of two former refuse tips still meant that regular visits for treatment against rats were required. These were carried out until all activity ceased and one gained satisfaction from the success of the treatments when collecting the resultant bodies. There is as yet, no evidence to suggest that the resistance to anticoagulent poisons has built up in the rat population. However, acute poisons were used throughout the year both in the sewers and on the refuse tips.

ACCUMULATIONS OF RUBBISH

As in previous years there was an increase in the number of complaints relating to accumulations of rubbish, whether surplus furniture or household refuse. The most common sites for these deposits to appear are vacant sites and the rear yards of vacant houses. This is completely beyond comprehension that people should carry unwanted articles, in some cases a few miles, when the Council operate a free collection service which has been widely advertised.

A disturbing pattern which has developed over the year is the number of cases where the Public Health Inspector has been asked to visit dirty houses. Piles of household refuse have been seen inside these houses when the dustbin in the rear yards has been empty. In the majority of these cases, the occupants of the houses are young active people and one can only assume that gross idleness is the root cause of the trouble. It is appalling that in this modern, affluent and civilised society, there should be any such cases at all.

DERELICT PROPERTIES

Vacant houses which are rapidly subjected to vandalism to the point of becoming derelict were again a problem. In some cases the owners of the properties have left the neighbourhood and tracing the new address is often difficult. It would appear that, in order to preserve the adjacant houses, action should be taken under Section 27 of the Public Health Act, 1961, to secure the closure of the door and window openings. At this point I will conclude my comments.

I am grateful for the backing given by the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee and the goodwill of other Chief Officials, to whom I offer my thanks.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

F. GRINDROD

Senior Public Health Inspector.



<u>SECTION D</u>

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA



WATER SUPPLY

The North Calder Water Board, constituted in 1960, is the water undertaking for the Borough. Under normal conditions the area supplied is comprised of the Boroughs of Nelson and Colne, the Urban Districts of Barrowford, Brierfield and Trawden, and the eastern part of Burnley Rural District.

The gathering grounds extend to 5,000 acres and are situated on the moorland hills of Pendle and Boulsworth on either side of the area supplied. There are five storage reservoirs having a total capacity of 410.3 m. gallons, three compensation reservoirs with a capacity of 131 m. gallons, and six service reservoirs with a capacity of 13 m. gallons. Other sources of supply include springs and two boreholes, having a potential yield of 1,650,000 gallons per day.

All raw water is filtered and chlorinated before going into supply. The area of supply is divided into suitable zones according to locality and altitude to utilise available head from service reservoirs. Pressures are increased in three areas outside the Borough by the installation of pumping stations.

During the year water was supplied to an estimated population of 67,000 and has been satisfactory in both quality and quantity. Seventy-six samples of raw water were submitted for bacteriological examination and reported satisfactory. Two samples of raw water were submitted for chemical analyses and reported satisfactory. One hundred and twenty-two samples of treated water were submitted for bacteriological examination when four samples gave an unsatisfactory result. All the 13 samples of treated water submitted for chemical analyses were satisfactory. There is no tendency to plumbo-solvency. The natural fluoride content of the supply varies from 0.08 to 0.16 p.p.m. according to source.

Mains water is supplied to all but 23 houses within the Borough. These houses are situated in the rural parts of the district remote from a mains supply and make use of private supplies. Twenty-four new dwellings were connected to the mains supply during the year, when 294 yards of new mains were laid. Extensions of water mains to existing dwellings totalled a further 132 yards and mains extensions to industrial development totalled 60 yards. The replacement of joint service pipes continued, when 79 houses were re-serviced. This necessary feature of providing an adequate supply of water to dwellings will continue for many years as joint service pipes become incapable of carrying an adequate volume of water.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

The whole of the urban part of the Borough is drained and sewered, the exception being isolated properties in the rural areas remote from the sewerage system. The Sewage Works at Lindred, just outside the Borough boundary, is under the control of the Borough Engineer and Surveyor. The estimated sewage per head of population per day is 54.6 gallons, with a daily dry weather flow of 1.75 m. gallons.

The treatment of sewage consists of screening, settlement in detritus tanks, sedimentation tanks, percolating filters, and humus tanks. In dry weather, re-circulation of part of the final effluent is practised. Storm water is discharged into Pendle Water after passing through settlement tanks. The final effluent from the process passes either into Pendle Water or, by agreement with the Central Electricity Authority, may be pumped up to the Leeds and Liverpool Canal to serve as compensation water to replace that withdrawn from the Canal at Huncoat Electricity Generating Station. The bulk of the liquid sludge is pumped on to surrounding agricultural land. During the summer months, sludge is stored in digestion tanks, and later made available for horticultural and agricultural purposes.

Nineteen new dwellings were connected to the sewerage system during the year, and one existing dwelling, in a rural part of the district, was newly connected to a septic tank installation.

RIVERS AND STREAMS

The Lancashire Rivers Board is the authority responsible for watercourses.

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION

No. of No. of No. of	privy middens	3 9 14,120 2,337
No. of	fresh water closets	10,933
Conversions	during 1970:-	
No. of	privy closets to fresh water closets	Nil
No. of	privy closets to pails	Nil
	pail closets to fresh water closets	1
No. of	waste water closets to fresh water closets	141
No. of	premises at which movable dustbins, etc.	
were	substituted for fixed receptacles	Nil

The above figures relate to sanitary accommodation at all premises at the end of the year.

There were 12 dwellings not on the water carriage system.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

The Cleansing Department is a separate Department under the control of the Director of Cleansing and is responsible for the collection and disposal of trade and household refuse, the cleansing of streets, the cleansing of and repairs to drainage, and the maintenance of public conveniences. In addition, the cleansing department provide and maintain most of the Council's transport fleet, and have provided a Vehicle Testing Station approved by the Ministry of Transport. The Cleansing Department provide a drainage section to repair and cleanse defective drainage, and at the request of owners or occupiers, will relay and renew existing drainage in the conversion of waste water closets.

As far as circumstances permit the collection of household refuse is maintained at weekly intervals. It is well known that the nature of household refuse is changing and Nelson is no exception. The advent of the Smoke Control Programme with the increased tendency towards gas and electric appliances, together with the widespread packaging of consumer goods and food, have meant that greatly increased bulk of refuse is being collected although the tonnage is fairly stable. The time is approaching when the conventional standard of one dustbin per household will be obsolete.

Trade refuse is collected weekly and putrescible refuse is collected twice weekly, both collections being charged for. Traders may also deliver refuse direct to the tip, being charged 2/- per ton for this facility.

Although the Cleansing Department continue to remove unwanted household furniture and effects free of charge, the present-day disease of indiscriminate tipping on vacant land and in the rear yards of vacant houses remains as great a problem as ever. The remedy for this disease still eludes us in spite of increased publicity regarding the free services offered by the Cleansing Department. All requests for unwanted articles to be removed were complied with within three days.

All refuse was disposed of by controlled tipping at Waidshouse Quarry, together with the refuse from Burnley County Borough, Brierfield and Padiham Urban Districts and part of Burnley Rural District.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTIONS

During the year 8,553 premises were visited for various reasons, the total number of visits made being 11,405. These figures show a 25% increase over those of the previous year, reflecting the increased mobility of staff following the use of private cars and the introduction of travelling allowances.

The number of defects discovered was, at 495, slightly less than the number found in 1969, as was the number remedied at 220. Informal Notices were served on 183 occasions and Statutory Notices were issued in respect of 177 cases. Of the Statutory Notices issued, 57 were issued in respect of blocked or leaking drainage, a condition which is increasing each year. No legal proceedings were instituted during the year.

The following table classifies the visits made to the various types of premises during the year.

	INSPECTIONS	RE-INSPECTIONS
Animal boarding establishments	3	2
Bakehouses	14	_
Boiler plants inspected	5	-
Butchers' shops	19	1
Closet conversion W.W.C./F.W.C	•	111
Closets, pail	_	_
Closets, water	17	8
Closets, waste water	45	40
Complaints received	607	742
Complaints confirmed	419	140
Drains inspected	2	9
Drains smoke test	1	_
Drains olfactory test	2	2
Drains colour test	236	248
Drains defective		298
Educational talks given	• •	2
Fish frying establishments		1
Food (preserved) manufacturers	·	1
Food catering establishments		4
		3
Food shops and warehouses	* *	14
Factories - power		2
Factories - non-power		1
Fishmongers' shops	4	2
	0.0	5 7 1
Houses defective		76
Houses detailed inspection	2	70
Houses overcrowding	2	1
Ice-cream manufacturers	6	_
Ice-cream retailers	0	7
Infectious/notifiable diseases	68	26
Insect infestations	113	1
Interviews	18	_
Markets	161	_
Meat and food inspections		_
Meat and food condemnations	157	17
Meetings with owners	183	13
Meetings with contractors	69	77
Miscellaneous	306	72
Notices Served:	21.	
Verbal	24	60
Informal	159	-
Statutory P.H.A	122	

	INSPECTIONS	RE-INSPECTIONS
Offensive accumulations	42	133
Inspections	1 8	1 1
Retail Shops Inspections	2 19	- 3
Visits	2	-
Inspections	3 3 2	1
Pet Stores	1 2	2
Rats and mice	322 36	306 -
Ice-cream	1 84 1	-
Water, etc	70 179	-
Inspections	3,339 822 235	1 - 2
Smoke observations	7 1 18	- - 2

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963

Eight new registrations of premises under the above Act were received during the year, but 30 premises ceased, for various reasons, to be registrable. There was thus a net decrease of 22 premises subject to the provisions of the Act, making a total of 266 premises on the register at year end. The number of visits and inspections made during the year was 44.

REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS

Class of premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Total number of registered premises at year end	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
Offices	2	65	2
Retail shops	6	170	2
Wholesale shops and warehouses	-	16	-
Catering establishments and canteens	æ	15	4
Fuel storage depots	-	oza)	-
Totals	8	266	8

ANALYSIS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN REGISTERED PREMISES BY WORKPLACE

Class of Workplace	Number of persons employed
Offices	373
Retail shops	812
Wholesale departments and warehouses	182
Catering establishments	169
Fuel storage depots	-
Total Total Males Total Females	1,536 628 908

No applications for exemption from certain of the provisions of the Act were received during the year.

The following table shows the nature of the 89 defects found and the 52 defects remedied during 1970.

Section	Contraventions					
Section		Found	Remedied			
4	Cleanliness	17	14			
5	Overcrowding	1	1			
6	Temperature	6	2			
7	Ventilation	-				
8	Lighting	1	1			
9	Sanitary Conveniences	21	13			
10	Washing Facilities	6	3			
16	Floors, Passages and Stairs	24	· 15			
24	First Aid	6	1			
50	Information for employees	7	2			

No prosecutions under the Act were found necessary during the year.

Five accidents, all non-fatal, were reported during the year. Three of the accidents were caused by falling whilst alighting from vehicles or steps and resulted in bruising, skin abrasion and a sprained ankle. In one case an employee lacerated his hand whilst boning meat, and the remaining case was of an employee trapping his hand whilst moving a compressor.

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION

Confirmation of the No.6 Smoke Control Order was received in October, 1970, to become operable on 1st July, 1972. This in effect meant that the date of operation had been postponed for three months. The area covers 411 acres and includes 3,170 premises.

During the autumn supplies of solid smokeless fuel became insufficient and the Solid Smokeless Fuels Federation indicated that the position would deteriorate as the winter progressed. The Council, after considering the evidence available, applied for and received a temporary suspension of the smoke control orders in operation from 1st October, 1970, until 30th April, 1971.

The present fuel shortage has done untold harm to the cause of clean air which has been shown by the lack of confidence by the public in solid smokeless fuels. In Nelson, public opinion was, prior to the suspension of the orders, wildly enthusiastic to the Clean Air programme. What reaction will be apparent when the suspensions are lifted next spring remains to be seen.

SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS

There are three public swimming baths and pools in the district, all owned by the Corporation. The open air pool, situate in Marsden Park, proves popular during the summer season. The Public Baths in Bradley Road contain two plunge baths, one 75 feet by 30 feet, and one 50 feet by 20 feet. Additional facilities at the Public Baths include 18 slipper baths, sauna baths, and a cafe.

At both premises, the treated town mains water supply is used, with filtration plant in continuous use, giving a six-hourly cycle at the Open Air Pool, and a three-hour cycle at the Public Baths for the large pool, with a one-hour cycle for the small pool.

Bacteriological examination of samples of swimming bath water was carried out on 62 occasions, when all but 3 samples returned satisfactory results.

DISINFESTATION

Infestations of bed-bugs are almost non-existent these days, although fleas continue to be found occasionally. The main insect pests against which requests for treatment are received are cockroaches, silver fish, crickets, and wasps' nests. Eighteen houses, five of them Council houses, were treated for bugs or fleas, and 91 houses and 8 schools were disinfested of pests such as cockroaches.

The disinfestation service is undertaken by the Department, and is free of charge to householders. Insecticidal powders are also available to persons wishing to carry out their own treatment.

RODENT CONTROL

One full-time rodent operative is employed by the Public Health Department, and the following table shows the work undertaken in this connection during the year.

	Type of Property		
	Non-agricultural	Agricultural	
No. of properties in district No. of properties inspected No. of properties inspected which were found to be infested by:	16,047 507	69 7	
Rats	157 350	6 1	
Total number of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than notification No. of properties infested by:	13	===	
Rats	4 9	-	

SCHOOLS

Conditions at the 25 schools remained satisfactory.

OFFENSIVE TRADES

There are no offensive trades established within the district.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

1. Inspections for the purposes of provisions as to health.

Ţ			
Number	Number of		
of Premises	Inspections	Written Notices	
97 1	2 89	-	-
109	91	3	_
	of Premises	Number of Inspections 11 2 97 89	Number of Inspections Written Notices 11 2 - 97 89 3

2. Cases in which defects were found.

	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which
Particulars	Found	Remedied	To H. M. Inspector	By H. M. Inspector	prosecu- tions were in- stituted
Want of cleanliness (S.1) Overcrowding (S.2) Unreasonable temperature (S.3) Inadequate ventilation (S.4) . Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6) Sanitary conveniences (S.7) (a) Insufficient (b) Unsuitable or defective (c) Not separate for sexes Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to out-work)	13		GET	3	-
Totals	14	. 5	æ	3	-

No notifications of outworkers were received during the year.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES AND HOUSES LET IN LODGINGS There are no such premises within the district.

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT, 1951

Three premises are registered under the Act.

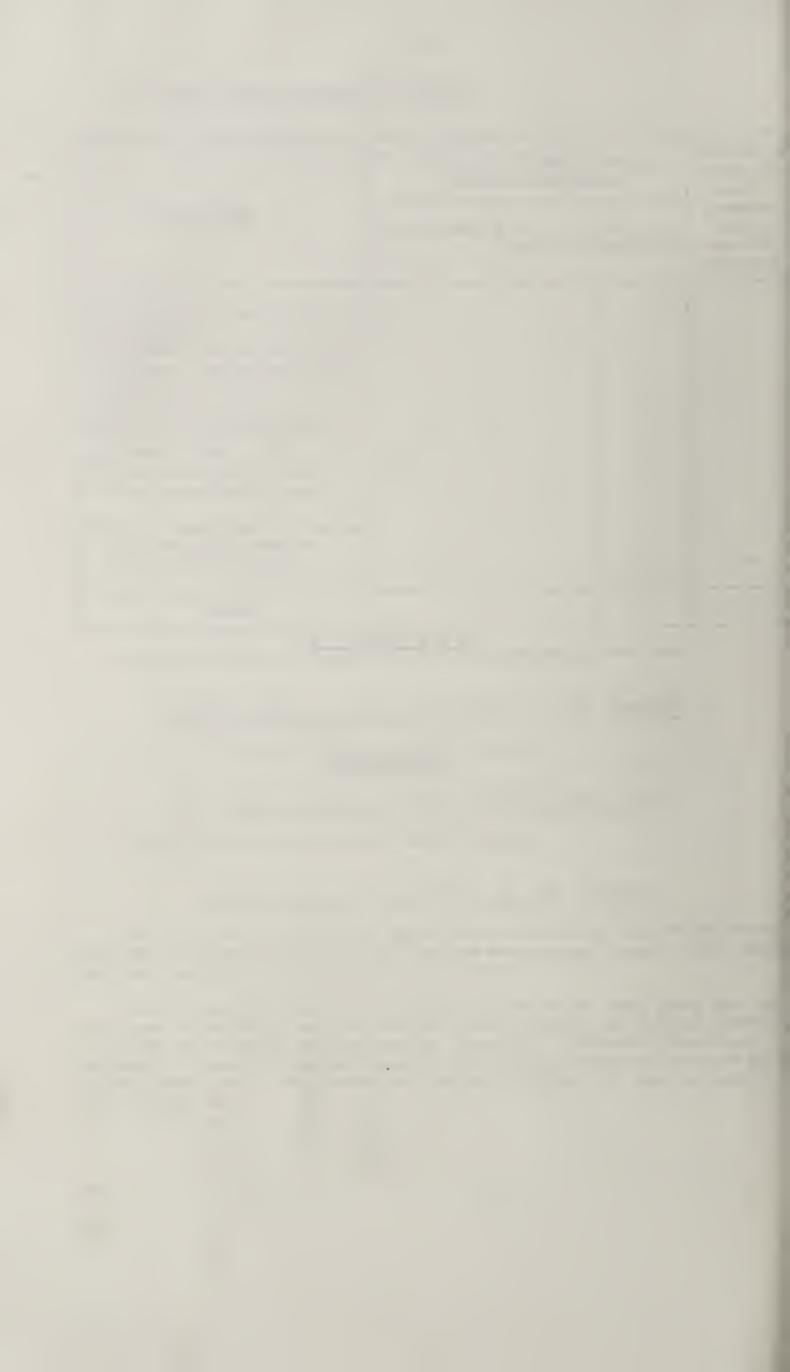
CHIEF SANITARY REQUIREMENTS OF THE DISTRICT

The improvement of ablution facilities in the poorer type of properties, together with the abolition of the obsolete waste water closets, still remain the chief sanitary requirements of the district.

The increased publicity and financial aid which is being given for the provision of hot water supplies and bathrooms is having the desired effect, reflected in the number of applications for grant. However, this is not the case in respect of applications for grant towards the cost of waste water closet conversions. The number of closets converted, 141, was the lowest since grants began.

SECTION E

HOUSING



HOUSING

During the year 139 dwellings were inspected for housing defects, when 133 were found to be not reasonably fit for human habitation by reason of the 294 defects found.

In connection with housing matters a total of 316 notices were served, 177 of these being Statutory Notices, 57 of which related to defects in drainage. The total number of visits made during the year for housing purposes was 774.

The demolition of the remaining 44 houses in the Scarlett and Garfield Street Compulsory Purchase Order was completed early in the year. Fifteen of the houses in the Seldon and Harvey Street Compulsory Purchase Order were demolished, as were 10 houses in Branch Street which had been purchased privately for this purpose. After being purchased by the Council, 2 derelict houses at the end of a terrace, of otherwise good houses, were demolished and a new gable wall built in order to improve the amenities of the neighbourhood.

In the latter part of the year, the Council received and accepted an Official Representation in respect of 70 properties in the Grove Street and Southfield Street Clearance Area.

During the year the Council acquired 24 houses for repair and improvement prior to letting. Private individuals submitted schemes of improvement for grant purposes in respect of 64 houses, 47 of which were approved. Standard grant applications numbered 292 and in 280 cases work was completed. In addition, 45 local authority houses were improved with the aid of grant.

Nineteen new houses were built during the year by private individuals, and a local authority scheme for the erection of 65 commenced during the year.

The following table shows defects found and remedied in dwellings during the period under review.

during one period ander reviews			
		: Remedied	Found in 1969
	Duri	ing 1970	Remedied in 1970
Roofs, etc.			
Defective roof	23	7	15
Defective chimney	26	15 20	5 18
Defective eaves gutters Defective rainwater downspout	32 31	22	8
Defective failwater downspout	<i>)</i> (22	, and the second second
Walls, External			
Defective pointing	15	6	4
Defective damp-proofing	10	4	14
Doorg			
Doors			
Defective door/Door frame	4	~	14
Defective weather-bar	5		12
Windows			
windows			
Defective window frame/sashes	26	3	35
Defective pointing	9	2	17
Broken glazing	_	_	5
Ceilings			
Defective ceiling plaster	10	5	15
201000110 OOIIIIB PIGOOI WEEKE			

		: Remedied	Found in 19 Remedied in 19
Walls, Internal			
Defective wall plaster	14	4	20
Floors			
Defective flag floor	5	- - 6	6 6 1
Staircases			
Defective handrail	2 -	1 -	4 3
Firegrates, Flues, Etc.			
Defective flue		2 -	1
Sinks, Baths, Etc.			
Defective sink	-	2 2	2 3
Drainage			
Defective drainage		4 35	Ξ
Sanitary Accommodation			
Defective roof	2 7 2 -	- - 3 1 - - 1	* 2 5 9 3 1 2 -
Yards			
Defective yard surface	5	1 - 1 12	2 1 2 1
Miscellaneous			
Defective fuel store roof	2	2 2	1 -

HOUSING STATISTICS

		Houses	Flats		
Number of new dwellings erected during the (i) By the Local Authority	0 • 0 0 0 0	- - 19	- - -		
Total number of dwellings owned by any loca authority existing in district at end of	1,	700			
Inspections of dwellings during the year:-					
(i) (a) Total number of dwellings inspected formally or informally for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)					
Houses Demolished:	Houses		during year		
In or adjoining Clearance Areas:	Demolished	Persons	<u>Families</u>		
 (1) Houses unfit for human habitation (2) Houses included by reason of bad arrangements, etc	31)	17	16		
Not in or adjoining Clearance Areas:-					
 (4) As a result of formal or informal procedure under S.16 or S.17(1) Housing Act, 1957) 12) (ac)	ce	ino		
Unfit Houses Closed:-	Number	Displaced	during year		
 (1) Under S.16(4), S.17(1) and S.35(1), Housing Act, 1957, and S.26 Housing Act, 1961	(m)	Persons	Families		

700	
Unfit Houses made fit:-	
CONTROL OF THE SECOND S	Number
(1) By owner after informal action by loca(2) After formal notice under S.9 and S.16Act, 1957:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(a) By owner	
(3) After formal notice under Public Healt (4) After modification or revocation of a	h Acts
order under S.24, Housing Act, 1961 (5) After determination of a demolition or	0000000000
under S.24, Housing Act, 1957	
Unfit houses in Temporary Use	No. of separate No. of dwellings contained
(Housing Act, 1957):-	Houses in column (1)
Position at end of year:	(1) (2)
(1) Retained for temporary accommodation	
(a) Under Section 48	
(c) Under Section 46	- ~
under Ss.34 or 53	
	No. of occupants
Purchase of Houses by Agreement:-	No. of of houses in column (1)
Houses in clearance areas other than those	(1) (2)
included in confirmed clearance orders or	
compulsory purchase orders, purchased	
during the year	eco CI
Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958, a Act, 1969 - Improvement grants, etc:-	nd Housing
Act, 1909 = Improvement grants, etc.	No. of dwellinghouses or other Buildings affected in schemes of
Action during year:-	
	Occupied Others Local Authority
(i) Submitted by private individuals to local authority	62 2 -
(ii) Approved by local authority(iii) Submitted by local authority to Mini	
(iv) Finally approved by Ministry	
(v) Work completed	
included in (v) above	
House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959 and Ho 1961, 1964 and 1969 - Standard Grants	using Acts,
	No. of dwellings or other buildings
	affected affected
Action during year:-	Owner Others
(a) Applications submitted to local author	Occupied officers
for improvement to:- (1) Full standard	280 12
(ii) Reduced standard	
authority for improvement to:	

		Occupied	Others
(c)	Work completed	280	_
(d)	Particulars of any action taken relating		
	to compulsory improvements of dwellings.	Non	е

Housing Act, 1969 - Special Grants:-

No. of dwellings or other buildings affected

Action	during year:-	Owner Occupied	Others
(i)	Applications submitted to local		
	authority for special grant	en	
(ii)	Applications approved by local authority		
	for improvement by special grant	©	CECEN
(iii)	Work completed	-	care

Lancashire County Council (General Powers) Act, 1968, S.17

Particulars of any action during year None

Housing Act, 1957, S.92

Particulars of any action during year:-

24 houses acquired by purchase during the year for repairs, improvement and letting.

SUFFICIENCY OF SUPPLY OF HOUSES

As has been the case for a number of years, there is no shortage of actual housing units, the Rate Book at the end of the year showing 347 houses to be unoccupied. These were mainly of the older stone-built terrace type property, the more modern properties being fully occupied.

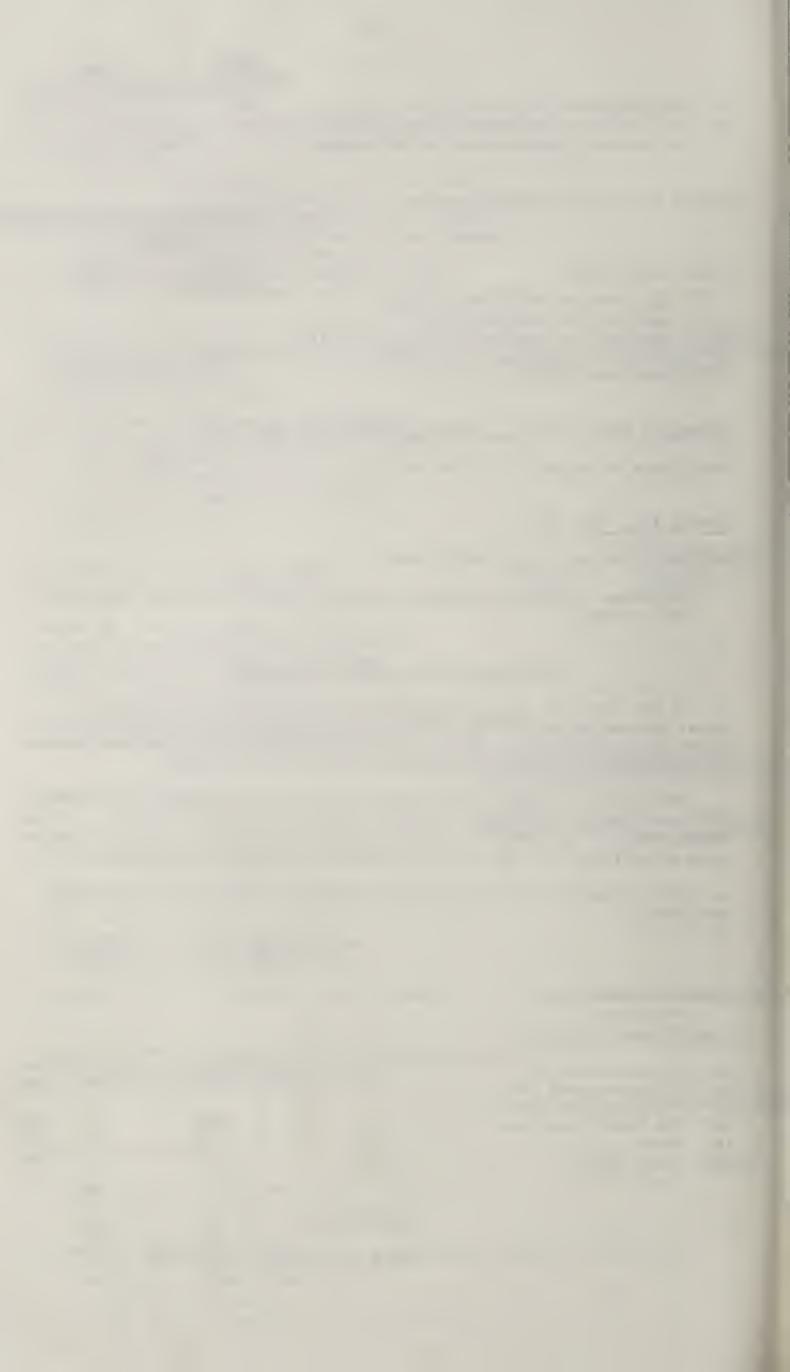
The number of Council owned dwellings at year end showed a net increase of 30 over the previous year's figure, bringing the figure to 1,700. At the commencement of the year there were 443 applications for tenancies of various types of dwelling, and at year end the number of viable applications was 472.

The following table shows the requirements of applicants for Council dwellings:-

	At commencement of 1970	<u>At end of</u> <u>1970</u> .
Number of applications	443	472
Type of house required		
(a) Two bedroomed type	121 (27%) 155 (35%)	114 (24%) 141 (30%)
(d) Old Folks' bungalows	125 (28%) 12 (3%) 30 (7%)	154 (33%) 38 (8%) 25 (5%)

OVERCROWDING

No cases of statutory overcrowding were encountered during the year.



SECTION F

<u>OF FOOD</u>



MILK SUPPLY

The sampling of milk for biological examination and the statutory tests continued during the year, when 137 samples were taken by the Department. In addition, 64 milk samples were taken by officers of the Lancashire County Council for chemical analysis. One of the latter samples indicated extraneous water when subjected to the Hortvet Test. There was no evidence of anti-biotic contamination in any of the milk samples. The reports on milk samples taken by the Department are shown below.

Total no. of samples submitted		Results		
for Biological examination	137	Positive	Negative	No result
(i) Tuberculosis	• • • •	- 15 8 2	9 122 6 11	- - 1

Samples submitted for	No. of	Results		
Statutory Tests	samples	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory Void	
Raw Milk:- (i) Methylene Blue Test Heat Treated Milk:- (i) Methylene Blue Test (ii) Phosphatase Test	14 - 3	14 - 3		
(iii) Turbidity Test (iv) Colony Count Test	2 -	2 -		

FOOD INSPECTION

Twenty three complaints in respect of food were made during the year. In spite of increased education to shopkeepers on the systematic rotation of stocks of perishable foods, foods which had lost condition and in some cases become mouldy, accounted for the majority of the complaints, with foods containing foreign bodies completing the picture. Two prosecutions were successfully instituted during the year. In all other cases the vendor was interviewed and the producer contacted.

Routine inspection of foodstuffs showed the following commodities to be unfit for human consumption. All were surrendered voluntarily.

Type of Food	Containers	Tons.	Cwts.	Qtrs.	Lbs.	Ozs.
Meat Fruit Vegetables	796 32 864		14 4	1 2 3	17 13 26	2 14 ¹ / ₂ 2 ¹ / ₂
Fish Milk	1184		5	0	5 2	12 1 0
Miscellaneous	4790	1	7	1	13	1
Totals	7668	2	12	1	22	01

MEAT INSPECTION

The private slaughterhouse continued in operation during 1970, when all the 3,859 animals slaughtered were subjected to inspection. Throughput showed a decrease of 39%, with a small corresponding decrease in income for meat inspection services to £119.17.6d.

	Cattle excl.	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	180 180	29 29	-	3450 3450	200 200
ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS AND CYSTICERCI:					
Whole carcases condemned		-	-	6	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	74	24		1206	12
with diseases other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci	41.1%	82.7%	-	35 . 1 %	6.0%
TUBERCULOSIS ONLY:					
Whole carcases condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Percentage of number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	_
CYSTICERCI:					
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-

Meat and offal found to be diseased or parasitic weighed 1 ton 11 cwts. 0 qtrs. $3\frac{1}{2}$ lbs., a 39% reduction of the previous year's figure.

FOOD PREMISES

During the year 487 visits were made to various classes of premises where food is handled, when the following contraventions were noted.

		d: Remedied uring 1970	Found in 1969 Remedied in 1970
Structural defects	_		
Defective wall surface	3	1	**
Defective floor	3	1	7
Defective water closet compartmen	t. 3	-	-
Defective water closet	6	1	· ·
Defective staircase	1	-	_

	-	Remedied ing 1970	Found in 1969 Remedied in 1970
Hygiene defects			
Defective sink waste pipe	2	1	1
Absence of wash-hand basin	1	-	2
Insufficient hot water supply	5	3	3
Absence of soap, nailbrush, towel .	4	1	
Dirty floor	3	1	655
Dirty walls and ceiling	36	6	20
Dirty equipment	9	5	6
Dirty water closet compartment	4	2	en en
Defective equipment	6	4	-
Inadequate clothing locker	3	2	~
Unhygienic practices	3	-	_
Accumulation of refuse	12	10	2

No. of food premises, by type of business, in district at year end:-

Type of Business	Number
General grocers and provision dealers	142
game, etc.)	29
Fishmongers (including those selling poultry, game, etc.)	3
Meat Shops (butchers, purveyors of cooked and preserved meats, tripe, etc.)	54
Bakers and/or confectioners	60
Fried Fish Shops	24
Shops selling mainly sugar confectionery, minerals, ice-cream, etc Licensed premises, clubs, canteens, restaurants, cafes, snack bars	62
and similar catering establishments	51
Others	7

No.	of	food	premises	registered
			P	

Type of business	Legislation under which Registration affected	No. registered at end of year	No. of inspect- ions of registered premises during year
Butchers Bakers and Confectioners/Mixed Baking and Catering/Cafe Mixed and Grocery Cooked Meats, etc. Ice-Cream Manufacturers	Lancs. Cty. Cl. (Rivers Bd. and General Powers) Act, 1938 - s. 116 or Food and Drugs Act, 1955, s.16	34 43 1 9 5 1	20 51 3 12 14 2
	Totals	93	102

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955

I am indebted to Dr. C. H. T. Wade, County Medical Officer of Health, for the following particulars of samples obtained under the provisions of the Act by officers of the Lancashire County Council.

A total of 111 samples was obtained comprising 64 milks (6 of which were Channel Islands milk) and 47 others as follows:-

1 Brown Bread	1 Sauce Mix
1 Apricot Jam	1 Popping Corn
1 Garlic Powder	1 Meat Pie
1 Shrimps in Brine, canned	1 Stewed Apples, canned
1 Full Fat Soft Cheese	1 Christmas Pudding
with Garlic and Herbs	1 Sweets
1 Swiss Paté with Trifle	1 Edible Cake Decorations
3 Bread	1 Christmas Tree Decorations
1 Dairy Ice Cream	1 Sulphacetamide Eye Drops
1 Beans with Baconburgers, canned	1 Penicillin Eye Ointment
1 Backache Pills	1 Napkin Rash Cream
1 Wine Vinegar	1 Eye Ointment
1 Baby Food (Junior Lamb Dinner)	1 Bilberry Pie Filling, dry
1 Junior Dessert (Banana Rice	1 Mushroom Soup Pack
and Rose Hip)	1 Table Jelly
1 Redcurrant Juice	1 Gravy Mix
1 Oxtail Soup, canned	1 Aurum Ambrosium (Rheumatism
1 Malted Milk	Remedy)
1 Cake Mix	1 Pork Sausages with Liver, canned
1 Chicken Curry Seasoning	1 Apricot Pudding, canned
1 Soft Drink (Carton)	1 Tomatoes Stuffed with Rice, canned
1 Soluble Aspirin Tablets	1 Dried Skimmed Milk
1 Aspirin Tablets	1 Stewed Steak & Kidney, canned
1 Hot Lemon Powder	1 Caramel Sauce

I give below details of those samples on which the County Analyst gave adverse reports:-

gave adverse reports:	-	•
Sample	Result of Analysis	Action Taken
Dried Skimmed Milk	Labelled "Instant Non-Fat Milk" yet contained 0.7% fat. The alternative name for skimmed milk granules in the Dried Milk Regulations 1969 is dried low-fat milk and not non-fat milk. In view of the presence of a small amount of milk fat "Low Fat Milk" could be a more filling designation.	Producer communicated with
Brown Bread	Contained 7 dead moths. Anagarta Kuhniella (Meditteranean Flour Moth)	Fined £10
	weighing in all 5 milligrams and six particles of dark brown overheated wheat flour containing altogether an estimated maximum of 112 dead flour mites (Acarus Siro), these mite infested overheated wheat particles together weighing 16 milligrams.	
Informal Milk	Freezing Point indicates 0.1% Extraneous Water.	
Bread	Contained parts of a flour bag label weighing in all 0.13 gramme.	Bakery cautioned and complainant informed
Redcurrant Juice	(i) Faulty Cap liner had allowed entry of wild yeasts which had grown to produce a dark unpleasant deposit weighing one third of a gramme. (ii) Minor Mineral constituents indicate that the contents of the bottle consisted of no more than half "Fruit Juice" yet bottle labelled "Red Currant Juice".	Importer Communicated with

Bread Contained 56 grammes of visibly Bakery discoloured crumb distributed cautioned and throughout the loaf complainant informed. Importer Caramel Sauce Contained no list of ingredients. communicated with. Meat Pie Contained a straight splinter of Manufacturer hardwood, having jagged ends, measuring 49 millimetres in length cautioned and complainant by 3.8 millimetres wide and 2 informed. millimetres thick weighing 0.249 grammes as removed from the pie, of which 31.3% was moisture. Contained a nymph of common cockroach Bread Prosecution (Blatta Orientalis) of length 13.5 Fined £15 Costs £18.18.0d. millimetres and weight 60 milligrams. Penicillin Eye Ointment was deleted Penicillin Eye Divisional from the B.P.C. in the deletions of Ointment Medical the 1963 edition, probably old stock. Officers advised to destroy stocks. Napkin Rash Cream Vitamin A content negligible yet Manufacturer carton carried a specific claim about communicated Vitamin 'A' content. with re relevance of Vitamin A

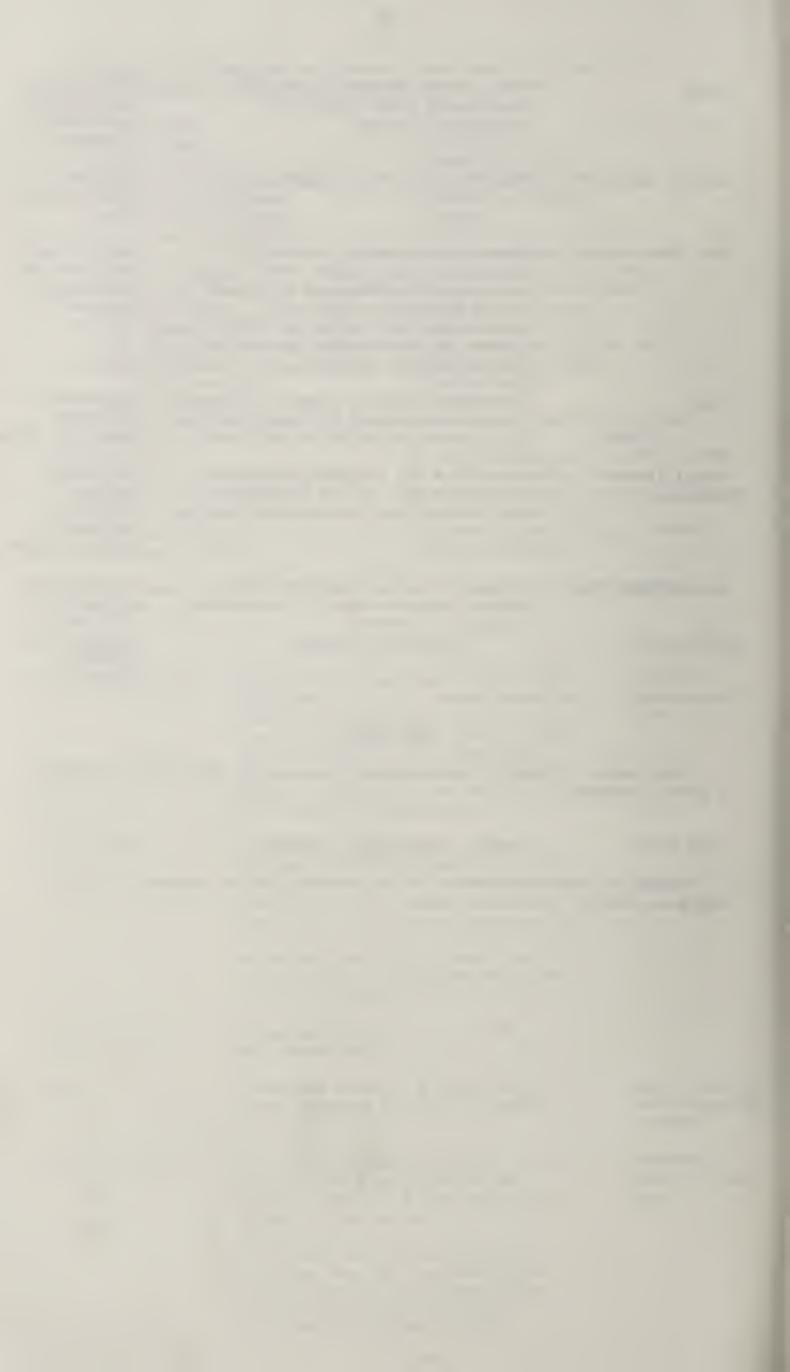
ICE CREAM

claim.

One sample of locally manufactured ice-cream was taken which returned a grade 2 result.

EGG PASTEURISATION PLANTS

There are no such premises in the district, and no samples of liquid egg were obtained during the year.



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	1			•			
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Pinih Datos Donth Datos o	nd Ana	lwain a	f Montol	1 ± + + + + .	- F	nal an	a
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Deaths occurring in Hospita							
total deaths during 1970						0 0	0 0
Deaths occurring in Hospita	als, I	nstitut	ions, e	tc., a	nnua	lly f	rom
1955 - 1969 inclusive ar	nd dur	ing 197	0		0 0	0 •	0 •
Deaths occurring in Nelson	and O	utward	and Inwa	ard Tra	ansf	erabl	.e
Deaths in percentage con	mparis	on with	nett nu	ımber a	assi	gned	to
Nelson each year over the	he per	iod 193	3 - 1970) incl	ısiv	е	• 0
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Statistics and Social Condi	itions	of the	Area	• •	0 0	0 0	0 0
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Vital Statistics 1970	0 0		• • •	0 0	• •	• 0	0 •
Vital Statistics 1970 and p	•		_		_		
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SECTION B - GENERAL PRO	OVISIO	N OF	HEALTH	SERVI	ES	FOR	THE
AREA	0 0			0.0	• •	0.	
	0 0	0 0		3.0		•	
Hospitals	0 0	0 0	• 59	0 •	0 0	0 9	0 0
Laboratory Facilities	0 0			• •	• 0	• •	
National Assistance Acts,				0 0	0 0		• •
National Assistance Act, 19	-			0 0	0 •		0 0
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SECTION C - PREVALENCE	OF,	AND CO	NTROL (OVER I	INFE	CTIOU	S
AND OTHER DISEASES	0 0		0 00	0 0	0 0	0 •	. • •
Disinfection after infection	ous di	seases	0 0	0 0	0 0	• •	• 0
Hospital accommodation for					• •	0 •	• •
Infectious and Other Notifi				0 0	0 9	G •	• •
Infectious and Other Notifi					of	case	rates
for England and Wales ar			-	. 0	0 •	0 0	0 •
Infectious and Other Notifi					of	1970	
figures with five previo							• •
Infectious and Other Notifi							• •
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